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FOURTEEN PAGES — ONE RIYAL

Kurds, Iranians fight

France said supplying Iraq with spying gear

Paris Bureau

Wednesday from Tehran that Kurdish rebels had launched a wave of guerrilla attacks in the western border region and at least five members of the security forces were killed.

There was no immediate mention of guerrilla casualties. The most serious outbreak took place in the mountain town of Sardasth near the border with Iraq.

The state radio said that at Sardasth five Islamic revolutionary guards were shot dead and eight wounded in a clash with Kurdish 'suicide' guerrillas Tuesday night.

Eleven guards were reported missing. The radio said that during the night in the Kurdish town of Naghedeh Soviet-DE RPG-7 rocket launchers hit the gendarmerie barracks, the municipal waterworks and other targets, but without casualties.

The official Paris news agency said five members of the banned Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP) had been injured in the former rebel capital of Mahabad during a raid on the town's radio and television station in the past 48 hours. Paris also said a tank and been attacked in Mahabad by rebels using RPG-7s.

In the Kurdistan provincial capital of Sanandaj, a bomb exploded in the offices of a distributor of two pro-clergy newspapers, Islamic republic and Islamic revolution, Paris said.

The previous night, a bomb exploded in the home of a revolutionary guard in Sanandaj, the agency reported.

All demonstrations have been banned in Kurdistan and in the main Kurdish towns of the neighboring province of west Azerbaijan.

The state radio quoted the governor of west Azerbaijan, Jaoshid Haqqa, as saying the Islamic guards, almost all of whom come from non-Kurdish areas, suffered from a "lack of acceptance" by the local population.

The decision to execute Seyyed Shams Niyaz appeared to signal a new crack-down on terrorism in the ranks of the clergy.

In a recent interview the son of Iran's unofficial head of state, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, said "These clergy-men who had been trying to impose a kind of religious despotism in the country are in fact criminals and they must be traced, defrocked and killed."



Prince Abdullah

Jackson back in Lebanon to see Arafat

BEIRUT, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — American civil rights leader Jesse Jackson was to meet Palestinian commando leader Yasser Arafat again Wednesday night expecting an answer to his suggestion that the commandos renounce guerrilla warfare for diplomacy.

The black churchman, who had talks with President Jimmy Carter just before he left on his Mideast tour late last month, says he is trying to get the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) to state in writing what it wants from a Middle East peace settlement.

Jackson, engaging in a personal diplomatic initiative, saw Arafat twice over the weekend.

Wednesday night, in his third meeting with Arafat in five days, Jackson expected answers from the PLO on several issues, including the question of whether it is prepared to give up guerrilla warfare in favour of diplomacy.

He also want the PLO to back down from its pledge to dismantle Israel.

In return, Jackson has said he will urge Carter to end his government's refusal to talk to the PLO so long as it does not recognize Israel and urge him to convene Mideast peace conference to include the PLO.

Jackson flew to Beirut from Cairo Tuesday on his way to meet Syrian President Hafez Assad in Damascus.

He said he was carrying a message for Arafat from Egyptian President Anwar Sadat proposing a PLO ceasefire with Israel.

The repercussions of Arafat declaring a ceasefire would be as great as orders in Cairo.

The visit helped pave the way for the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty signed earlier this year.

A PLO spokesman said the Palestinian cause only received international recognition when the Palestinian commando became organized.

Jackson may return to Cairo after his meeting with Arafat.

Abdullah, John West hold talks

JEDDAH, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah received U.S. Ambassador John West at his office here Wednesday.

The hour-and-a-half meeting involved a discussion of bilateral relations and the international situation, government officials said.

The meeting followed by one day talks between King Khalid and United Arab Emirates President Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan al-Nahayan in Geneva, where the King is on a private visit.

Tuesday also saw the end of two days of talks between Crown Prince Fahd and Bahrain Premier Sheikh Khalifa bin Salman Al-Khalifa on bilateral relations and the situation in the Gulf.

Those talks, in which Prince Abdullah took part, ended with a declaration by Interior Minister Prince Naif that the Kingdom has a deep interest in the security of the island state in the Gulf.

Prince Abdullah's interview with the U.S. ambassador also followed reports from Washington that the Carter administration has been holding high-level internal meetings over the situation in the Gulf.

Meanwhile, a Kuwaiti newspaper quoted Oman Foreign Minister Qais Zawawi as denying that his country is seeking an alliance with the United States and other Western countries for the defense of the Gulf and the Straits of Hormuz.

"Such reports have been concocted by the Iraqi mass media," Zawawi was quoted as saying in an interview with the newspaper *Al-Anbaa*.

Zawawi said that what his country really wants to do is to propose a defense plan to seek the protection of our interests first and those of our brethren before anything else.

The Omani defense plan is only one of the factors contributing to the current situation in the Gulf.

Others include the call by a senior Iranian leader for the absorption of Bahrain into Iran, a call which has been repudiated by Iran's foreign minister.

On the other side of the Arabian peninsula, North Yemen President Ali Abdullah Saleh Wednesday denied that there are any U.S. or other foreign troops in his country.

The denial, in an interview with the Kuwaiti newspaper *Al-Rai Al-Aam*, noted that North Yemen maintains "good relations with both East and West."



Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al Khail

At World Bank meeting

Aba Al Khail warns of revenue erosion

BELGRADE, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Inflation and the decline of the dollar on foreign exchange markets could threaten the current level of oil supplies to industrial countries, the Saudi Arabian finance minister warned Wednesday.

"It would be naive to pretend that a continuous erosion of our financial resources through inflation and exchange depreciation could not evoke reactions," Sheikh Muhammad Aba Al Khail told the joint annual meeting of the World Bank and International Monetary Fund.

"We have undertaken to provide a larger supply of oil," he said. "But we are finding it increasingly difficult to continue our policies under prevailing instabilities in exchange markets, coupled with high levels of inflation in industrial countries."

Speaking shortly after American Treasury Secretary G. William Miller blamed much of U.S. inflation on oil costs, Aba Al Khail said oil prices were blamed too much for problems in developed and developing countries.

"Adequate consideration has not given to the fundamental problems regarding the performance of the industrial economies," he said.

Miller said the United States had met at Belgrade with officials of OPEC oil producing countries, discussing the "mutual interest we have in a stable world."

Dutch MPs to meet PLO envoy

THE HAGUE, Oct. 3 (AP) — A special representative of the Palestine Liberation Organization will hold informal talks Thursday with members of the Dutch parliament, a parliamentary spokesman said Wednesday. The representative, Issam Sartawi, is an

He said the Americans wanted to discuss the dangers of "pricing policies that could disrupt the world."

Miller asserted there was little immediate danger of oil producers shifting their transactions into a currency other than the U.S. dollar, which he said was worth to them 8 per cent more now, on a trade-weighted basis, than it was one year ago.

The treasury secretary said the Carter administration might have trouble balancing the federal budget next year, but that it expected to produce a "substantial surplus" in the country's balance of payments.

President Tito who opened the first meeting of the international financial leaders in a Communist country gave a grim warning about the state of the world economy.

World Bank President Robert McNamara also issued a bleak forecast and bitterly accused the U.S. Congress of turning its back on the poorest countries which are becoming increasingly desperate.

Arab delegates and African representatives meanwhile walked out of the meeting when an Israeli central banker rose to speak.

The walkout lasted while Amnon Gafny, governor of the Bank of Israel, made a short address to the opening session.

A move to admit the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) as observers was rejected after officials had debated the issue all day.

adviser on European matters to PLO leader Yasser Arafat and was reportedly responsible for setting up the meeting between Arafat and West German Socialist leader Willy Brandt and Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky.

saudi report

awaiting the Production Decision

JEDDAH, Oct. 3 (SPA) — The first issue of a new weekly American newsletter dealing specifically with political, economic and social aspects of life in Saudi Arabia, appeared in Jeddah Wednesday.

The new newsletter, *Saudi Report*, is edited in Washington, D.C., and published in Houston, Texas. It is the newest publication of the Saudi Research and Marketing Co. Ltd.

The first issue featured articles analyzing the subjects as crude oil production, petrochemical projects, and revitalizing the old city of Jeddah. *Saudi Report* also carried an exclusive interview with Minister of Industry and Electricity Dr. Ghazi Al-Gosaili, in which the minister elaborated his views on plans to form a Saudi stock market.

The weekly report is destined for American politicians, businessmen, and area specialists. It will also help keep informed an estimated 12,000 Saudis studying in the United States.

The newsletter will also be made available to Saudi Arabia.

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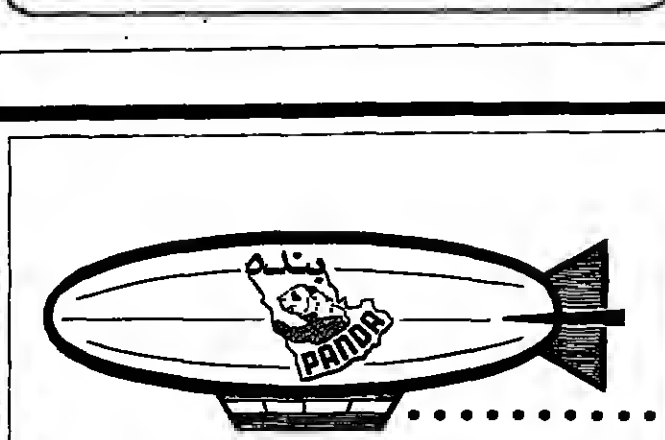
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Gold declines as U.S. rumored to help dollar

LONDON, Oct. 3 (R) — Rumors that the United States is about to announce measures to prop up the ailing dollar forced down the price of gold in Europe by more than \$20 Wednesday.

On London's important bullion market, the price of the metal was fixed at \$402 an ounce Wednesday afternoon, wiping out Tuesday's spectacular \$24, the largest recorded in one day.

Zurich's gold market, the world's biggest, set the metal's price at \$421 an ounce, down six dollars on Tuesday's price.

Dealers said the market for gold, the traditional standby against foreign exchange uncertainty, was nervous, anticipating the possibility of measures to shore up the ailing U.S. currency.

Egypt studies \$ 5 billion housing plan

CAIRO, Oct. 3 (R) — Premier Mustapha Khalil is negotiating on a five billion dollars offer from a group of foreign companies to solve Egypt's housing and food production problems, it was reported Wednesday.

The authoritative newspaper *Al-Ahram* added that Dr. Khalil had asked the unnamed group to submit details of the plan in writing.

President Anwar Sadat said earlier this week that the funds would be repaid with revenue from the Sinai's Alma oil fields, which Egypt is due to get back from Israel next month under their peace treaty.

President Sadat said a special fund to finance housing and food production would be formed with revenue from the oil fields but gave no further details.

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Naif chairs meeting Saturday

Pilgrim security plan approval soon

JEDDAH, Oct. 3 — Interior Minister Prince Naif will chair a meeting of the Higher Pilgrimage Committee next Saturday to approve this year's Pilgrimage security plan.

The meeting will be attended by Deputy Interior Minister Prince Ahmad, Public Security chief Gen. Faiz Al-Awfi and commanders of the Pilgrimage security forces.

The minister will also inspect all Pilgrimage areas to assess the state of security arrangements and give instructions to ensure the comfort of the millions of Muslims from all over the world.

According to *Okaz*, quoting Interior Ministry sources Wednesday, all passenger vehicles, including small cars, will be barred from entering the area of the Holy Places. Only cars carrying luggage

for the pilgrims will be allowed.

The ministry's public relations officer, Maj. Adib Muhammad Idriess, urged pilgrims to avoid using cars as much as possible and to ride in buses instead.

He said that all traffic maps and plans will be ready by Sunday. The maps, with instructions, will be distributed to local residents and pilgrims.

Police Patrol and Emergency Squad Commander Capt. Ibrahim Al-Otaibi told *Al-Riyadh* Wednesday that all roads around Riyadh will be controlled and secured through a plan to be put into operation Saturday.

All patrols and squad cars in the capital had been reinforced with men and vehicles to serve those arriving by road to perform the Pilgrimage.

Cars, winches and engineers

will be stationed on the roads and in various checkpoints to come to the rescue of any car carrying pilgrims that might run into trouble. An instruction book has been handed to all officers and men, describing their duties.

According to the instructions, they should:

- Control speeds and advise exhausted drivers to rest;
- Control cafes and rest houses;
- Give help and guidance to the pilgrims;
- Point out dangerous areas and turns to the drivers;
- Control the use of horns and head lights; and
- Immediately remove any vehicle that might run into trouble in the middle of the road as soon as possible.

In addition to this, temporary

units will be set up on the Hijaz and Riyadh to Zilfi to Qasim roads to supplement the existing centers.

Darmac main center will start operations on Saturday after it has been equipped with advanced apparatus and supplied with men and equipment.

Emergency Police Squads will cover the following road sectors:

- The northern route, from Riyadh to Nofouz, north of Om Jamad, and Nofouz Thuwayrat past Zilfi;
- The northern route from Riyadh to Wadi Dawasser;
- Khurais Road from Riyadh to Kilo 104 past Affi; and
- Quwayyia Road from Muzabemeyya to its intersection with the Hijaz road, west of Tholm.

According to SPA, work at Hafir Al-Batin is going on to complete on schedule the structures which will house the government departments concerned with pilgrims arriving there through Manfaj Rafel.

The SRS million buildings will include offices for the Passports Department, health authorities and the customs.

Pilgrims arriving by land will enter Saudi Arabia via the recently opened Kuwait to Hafir Al-Batin to Raqa road, which will have six traffic patrol centers.

In other Pilgrimage developments, the committee which Prince Saud bin Abdul Mohsen, deputy governor of Mecca, has ordered formed to discuss movement of vehicles in Mecca and other sacred sites held its first meeting in Mecca Tuesday.

It discussed the movement of vehicles carrying food, ice and water during the Pilgrimage. Also in Mecca, the Central



Prince Naif

Committee of Pilgrimage held a meeting Tuesday to discuss the allocation of land in Mina and other problems of the Pilgrimage.

The Ministry of Pilgrimage and Endowments had earlier urged the public to abide by ministerial instructions and to cooperate it in the allocation of lands in Mina so that pilgrims face no inconvenience.

It had also warned that any *mutawif*, or pilgrim guide, taking more land than he requires for his pilgrims would be dealt with severely.

It was meanwhile announced in Mecca that the Muslim World League has printed three million copies of the Holy Koran as the first phase of its project for printing the Holy book.

The general-secretary of the Muslim World League, Sheikh Muhammad Ali Al-Harakan, said Wednesday that one million copies had been sent to south-east Asia states.

Indonesian official agrees to cooperate with Kingdom

JEDDAH, Oct. 3 (SPA) — Minister of Pilgrimage and Endowments Sheikh Abdul Wahab Abdul Wasie discussed with the Indonesian Minister of Religious Affairs the basis of cultural and educational cooperation between the two countries.

Sheikh Abdul Wahab said he and Gen. Alem Shah Dato had agreed on the outlines of cooperation and that a committee will discuss details. The two sides will meet again Thursday to seal an agreement before submitting it to the King.

The agreement, according to Sheikh Abdul Wahab deals with cooperation in university education, Islamic affairs and the exchange of experts and visits.

Visits education mission
Interior aide sees U.S. training

By Donna V. Adair

HOUSTON, Oct. 3 — Dr. Ibrahim Al-Awaji, deputy interior minister conferred in Houston recently with Dr. Rada Ali Kabli, educational attache at the Saudi Arabian Educational Mission on the progress of students the ministry has in North American colleges and universities.

The Houston stop was one of several for Awaji, who took part in conferences in Colorado and North Carolina.

About one-half of the 1,400 students the Ministry of the Interior has in the U.S. are studying in various scientific and engineering fields; the other half are in programs for police science, management, traffic, computer science, public administration and local government. Many of those will graduate as officers in the Coast Guard or Frontier Force.

Within the past four years the Ministry of the Interior, he told *Arab News* has needed a large number of specialized people, especially in technical areas that Saudi schools could not handle. Although the ministry has students in France, Britain, Germany, and Canada, the U.S. was chosen for most of this training because of the Saudi familiarity with the country. "We were acquainted with the flexibility the U.S. educational system provides for students, and the programs

available reflected the needs of Saudi Arabia," Awaji said.

The first of many computer technology students have graduated and are back in the Kingdom. He predicted that after the current group of computer students have completed their programs, there should be no need to send others to the U.S. because the Ministry of the Interior is building its own computer training center.

This center will be in conjunction with an integrated computer system which will be the largest in the Middle East. The computer will be programmed for more than 20 different applications. Operating on real time, it will handle the national identification system, all records and traffic and border information.

"This will be the first of its kind in the Middle East," Awaji said with pride. "For day-to-day operations and a data bank, it really makes our work simpler. We'll be less dependent on outside work. But, we'll need technicians and specialists. This computer provides quick results. It will be more efficient, more precise, will save manpower. It will be a Saudi run — from the design to the engineers."

Awaji praised the attention care given by Kabli and the Saudi Mission of Houston. The Ministry of the Interior, he said, "We have found full cooperation of the Mission and we always supported their requests and the manner they have dealt with our students."

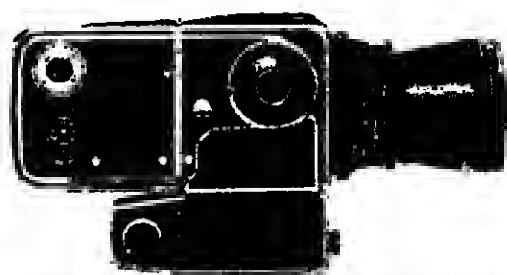


PILGRIMS: On Arafat, the pilgrims whose welfare will be safeguarded by the security plan for this year's Pilgrimage. It will be discussed in a meeting Saturday that Prince Naif is to chair.

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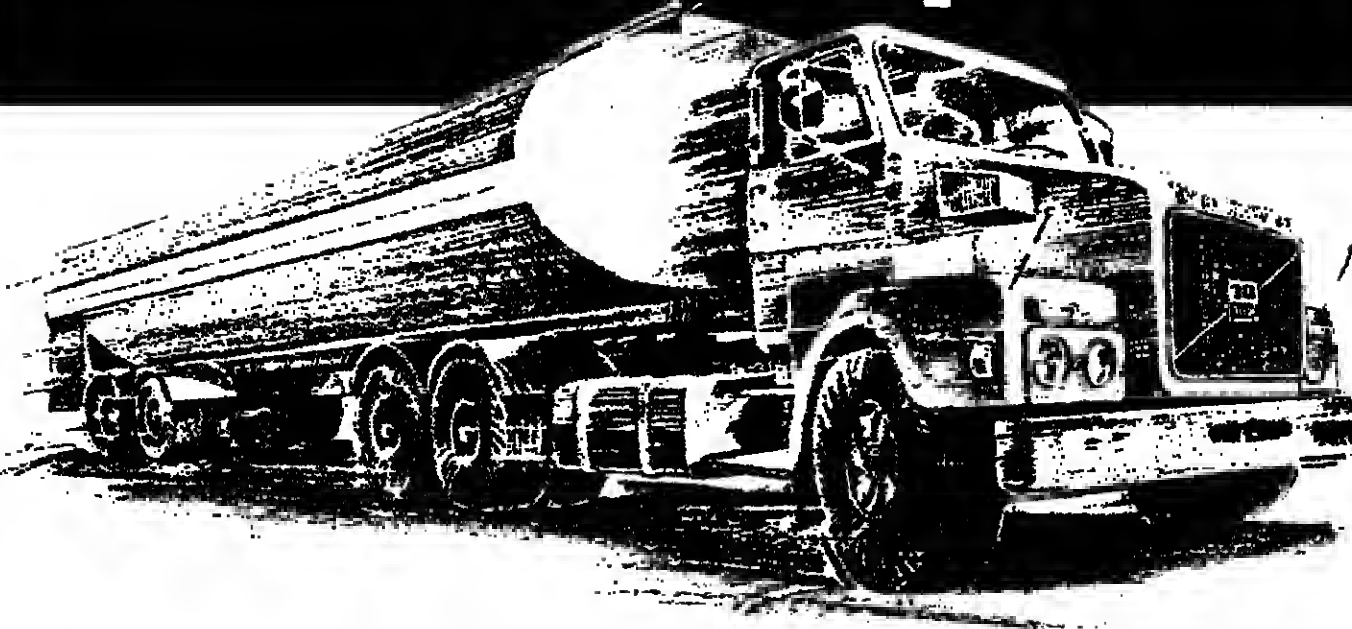
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Khomeini asks new purge U.S., Iran said agreed on American envoy

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — In a sign of improving relations, the United States and Iran have agreed on the appointment of a new U.S. ambassador to fill a vacancy which has existed since last spring, Carter administration officials said Tuesday.

The officials, who asked not to be identified, said the post will be filled by career diplomat Bruce Laingen, 52, currently the charge d'affaires in Tehran.

Last spring, the Carter administration named Waller Cutler, a former ambassador to Zaire, to replace William Sullivan.

Cutler's appointment was confirmed by the Senate but the Iranian government, during a period of intense anti-American feelings in Iran, informed the administration that Cutler was not welcome in Tehran.

In deciding to appoint Laingen, the administration appears to have retreated from its initial position of refusing to consider an alternative to Cutler.

In Tehran meanwhile, leader of Iran's revolution Ayatollah Khomeini has called for a purge of anti-Islamic elements in all government offices.

Speaking to cabinet ministers in the holy city of Qom Tuesday, Khomeini said "I have heard there are some people who have go-slows in government offices. If they are supporters of the past regime, their names should be taken down and they should be purged."

He said the government had many supporters but there were also opponents. "There are people who have lost their interests, so they disrupt and launch negative propaganda. But the nation should know we are victorious. Our path is to implement Islamic laws—in the country, the ministries, the bazaars, everywhere."

"What is against the government in the ministries should be purged," he said.

Islamic militants have called for a purge of the National Iranian Oil Company, following the ousting of company chairman Hassan Nazih.

In a related development, a Lebanese academic and former diplomat claimed Tuesday that the rule of Iran by Khomeini is likely to be short-lived and probably will be replaced by a regime dominated by the Soviet Union.

Dr. Charles Malik, 73, former president of the United Nations General Assembly, told local businessmen in London, Ontario, Canada that the overthrow of the Shah of Iran exposed the vulnerability of Western countries in the Middle East.



Ayatollah Khomeini

Kuwait paper criticizes Yasser Arafat

KUWAIT, Oct. 3 (AP) — A Kuwait newspaper Wednesday criticized the Chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization Yasser Arafat for saying he was ready to set up a Palestinian state "even in Jericho, the smallest village in Palestine."

"We demand an immediate meeting of the Palestine National Council (a kind of parliament in exile) to discuss Arafat's statement," *Al-Anba* said in an editorial.

"We want the revolution to speak out. We reject, once more, the unilateral determination of the Palestinian revolution's destiny," it added.

The paper appeared to be supporting a section of Palestinians insisting on the dissolution of the state of Israel and its replacement by a state in which Palestinians and Jews would coexist.

Panel named to draw up new Afghan constitution

PESHAWAR, Pakistan, Oct. 3 (R) — Afghanistan's new leader Hafizullah Amin has appointed a 57-member committee to write a new constitution for the country, according to Kabul Radio.

In a broadcast monitored here Monday night, the radio said that the constitutional committee would draw up a new document for governing the country in accordance with the people's wishes.

When he assumed power in a palace revolution which toppled his predecessor President Nur Muhammad Taraki last month Amin promised several measures to do away with what he called the personality cult which surrounded Taraki.

These included joint rule by the country's Revolutionary Council and the central committee of the ruling Khalq (Communist) amnesty to the estimated 100,000 refugees who had fled the country since the start of the tribal-led rebellion against the Kabul government.

The radio reported earlier the week that 700 people had accepted the amnesty and returned to Ghor province.

The rebel leaders from their base in Peshawar rejected Amin's offer and declared a Jihad (holy war) against his government.



PRESENTS BOOK: American civil rights leader Jesse Jackson presents Egyptian President Anwar Sadat with a book by Martin Luther King. Sadat and Jackson met Monday afternoon to discuss the Middle East crisis. (See related story, Page One)

Bhutto's PPP, PNA barred from election

ISLAMABAD, Oct. 3 (R) — Pakistan's two biggest political groups including executed former Premier Zulfikar Ali Bhutto's Pakistan People's Party (PPP), were effectively banned Tuesday from contesting next month's general election.

Pakistan's electoral commission ruled that the PPP and the Pakistan National Alliance (PNA), formed to oppose Bhutto's party at the last election in 1977, had failed to fulfill new rules governing political parties imposed by Pakistan's military ruler Gen. Zia-ul-Haq.

These require registration with the commission, an audit of accounts and disqualification if the parties were considered against the ideology of Pakistan or brought the armed forces into dispute.

The rules have been rejected as unconstitutional by Pakistan's prominent politicians including the PPP and PNA who refused to register.

The election commission said Tuesday that 55 of the country's more than 100 political parties had applied for registration and of these 16 would be able to contest the election on Nov. 17.

Politicians have said that without the participation of the PPP

and PNA the elections would be a farce.

Both parties had ignored Gen. Zia's registration rules and named candidates for the 650 seats in the national and four provincial assemblies to be contested.

Among prospective candidates was Benazir Bhutto, 27-year-old daughter of the late premier, who applied to stand in five constituencies including her father's old seat at Larkana.

Among the parties which passed the registration test was the centrist Tehrik Istiqlal led by retired Air Marshal Asghar Khan who is thought to be Zia's choice for prime minister and who Tuesday night met the general and urged him to relax the new rules and extend the date for filing nominations.

The only other significant party to be registered was Jamaat Islami, a militant Muslim group, which broke away from the PNA Monday.

A breakaway faction from the PPP, the Progressive People's Party, led by one of Bhutto's former ministers, Kausar Niazi, was also among the 16 registered parties. It includes right-wing supporters of the PPP who opposed the dominance of the Bhutto family in the party's activity.

OAU links Israel relations to pullout from Arab land

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (AP) — President William Tolbert of Liberia, chairman of the Organization of African Unity (OAU), said African countries would talk about resuming relations with Israel if it moved to withdraw from Arab lands, to stop the establishment of new settlements in them and to recognize the rights of Palestinians.

"We can't forget the rights of the Palestinian people," he said at the end of a visit to Washington.

Palestinians not invited to Moscow, officials say

MOSCOW, Oct. 3 (R) — The organizers of the 1980 Moscow Olympics Wednesday denied that a Palestinian sports body had been invited to send a team in the games.

The Moscow Olympic Organizing Committee was commenting on a statement Tuesday in Beirut by the Palestine Liberation Organization that an invitation had been sent to the Higher Palestinian Council Sports and Youth.

The Moscow Committee was only authorized to send invitations to countries recognized by the International Olympic Committee (IOC); it said.

"The Palestinians have not yet

been recognized by the IOC and we have not sent them any invitation," an official added.

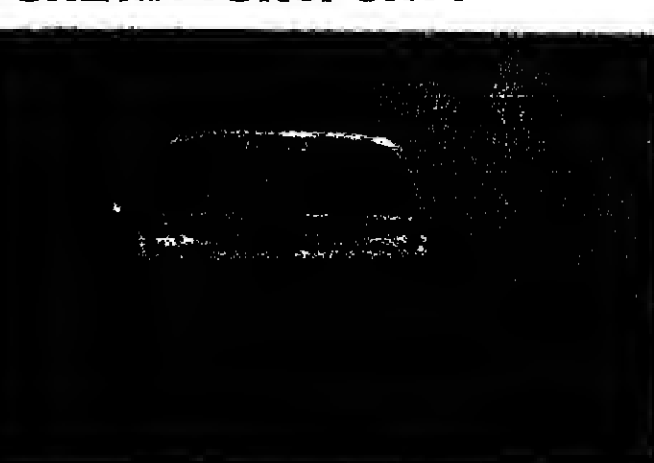
Under IOC rules the Moscow Committee was not due to issue any invitations until next January.

An IOC official in Lausanne said he was astonished by the Beirut report.

"The Organizing Committee of the Moscow Games has pledged itself to adhere to the rules of the IOC, and to invite only National Olympic Committee recognized by the IOC."

"I think the statement in Beirut that a Palestinian team has been invited to the Moscow Games is without any foundation."

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Two destroyers added

U.S. Navy bolsters Indian Ocean force

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (AP) — The U.S. Navy has recently added two destroyers to its permanent force in the Indian Ocean-Gulf area and will be increasing the number of deployments of major task forces into the Indian Ocean, a Defense Department spokesman said Tuesday.

Spokesman Thomas Ross provided details at a briefing after President Jimmy Carter said in his Cuba speech Monday night that "we have reinforced our naval presence in the Indian Ocean."

Ross said the Middle East force, a permanent fixture in those waters for about 30 years, has been

increased to five ships, including a command vessel and four frigates and destroyers. He said a sixth destroyer type may be added "in the near future."

This still leaves the U.S. naval presence in those vital waters at a lower level than the Soviet fleet which intelligence sources said now numbers about 10 fighting ships and perhaps a half dozen support vessels.

The five ships in the Mideast force are now spread over a wide area, with the command ship *Lusalle*, the frigate *Glover* and missile destroyer *Ricketts* in the Gulf

of Aden, the frigate *Alwyn* in the Indian Ocean and the guided missile frigate *Julius Furrer* in Djibouti.

Ross acknowledged that the two destroyers that have been added to the Mideast force were drawn from the U.S. Sixth Fleet in the Mediterranean. He was unable to say whether or not those ships will be replaced in the Mediterranean.

Some senior navy admirals have said that the U.S. Fleet, numbering some 450 ships and smaller than at any time since before World War II, cannot support a

permanent major presence in the Indian Ocean without taking strength away from the Sixth Fleet and the Seventh Fleet, which is in the western Pacific.

Except in crisis, the U.S. has periodically sent task forces, usually led by an aircraft carrier, into the Indian Ocean three times a year to show the flag. They have come from the Seventh Fleet and returned there after maneuvering in the Indian Ocean.

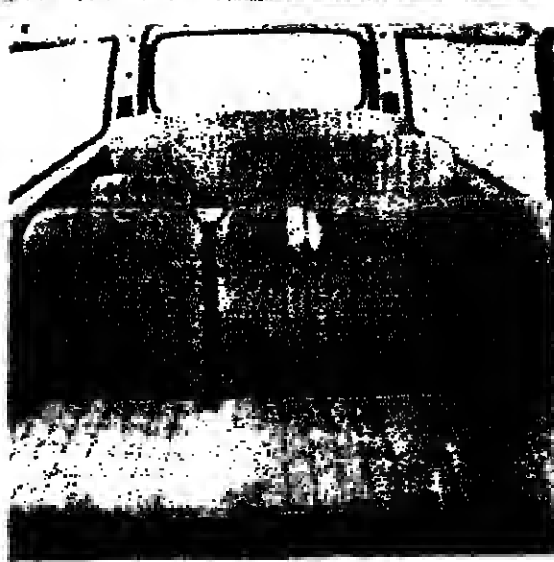
Ross said that in 1980 "we would expect" the number of such cruises to be increased to four a year.

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Culpable homicide

Patrese charged in Peterson death

VILAN, Oct. 3 (R)—Italian racing driver Riccardo Patrese has been formally charged with culpable homicide over the death of Swedish driver Ronnie Peterson in last year's Monza Grand Prix.

The Milan prosecutor's office said Tuesday that charged with Patrese was Gianni Restelli, former director of the Monza circuit. The track has been extensively remodelled after last year's first lap pile-up in which Peterson was fatally injured and Italian driver Vittorio Brambilla seriously hurt.

The two were charged after extensive inquiries and evidence gathered from drivers when they returned for this year's race on Sept. 9.

The prosecutor's office said both men would be questioned again and that the trial might begin next spring.

The fatal accident occurred as the 24 competing cars slowed into the first bend, where the track, since widened, narrowed sharply.

At least six cars were involved in the accident and the race was stopped and restarted three hours later.

Peterson suffered multiple fractures of his legs and a blood clot caused his death the following day.

Former course director Restelli, who started last year's race, was heavily criticized for flagging the cars off while some of them were still rolling to a halt after the practice lap. Some drivers afterwards

blamed this as the cause of the pile-up.

There was a previous incident at Monza when Austria's Lotus driver Jochen Rindt was killed during practice for the 1970 Italian Grand Prix.

Lotus chief Colin Chapman was charged with manslaughter three years later, but the charge was finally dropped in 1976.

New York

WATKINS GLEN, New York, Oct. 3 (AP)—The largest field for any Grand Prix this season has entered Sunday's race here, but two-time world champion Niki Lauda's name is not on the list.

The car that had been assigned to Lauda most of this season arrived Tuesday at the Watkins Glen Grand Prix course here with Argentinean Riccardo Zunino listed as driver. Zunino replaced Lauda on the Brabham team last week for the Canadian Grand Prix.

Lauda announced his immediate retirement as a driver last Friday, saying he had other challenges he wanted to meet.

Zunino, a total stranger to Formula 1 racing, finished a creditable seventh in the Canadian race, despite a pit stop. It was subsequently announced that Zunino would finish the season in the car.

Zunino will be among 30 drivers competing for one of the 24 starting positions in Sunday's race here, which marks the conclusion of the 15-race Formula One sea-

son. The largest field before this was the Canadian Grand Prix's 29 entries and before that, 28 in Belgium.

The reason for the higher number here is partially the addition of the factory Alfa Romeo team with drivers Vittorio Brambilla and Bruno Giacomelli. The Alfa factory is new to the racing effort, competing with Renault, Ferrari and Lotus as passenger car makers involved in racing.

The entry also includes a third team Tyrrell entry for Derek Daly of England, and a third Lotus, privately entered, for Hector Reha-

que of Mexico. Another seldom-seen performer is Arturo Merzario of Italy to his Verzzario A-2.

Heading the field of entrants were American Mario Andretti, who is trying to become the first American driver to win his country's Grand Prix, new world champion Jody Scheckter of South Africa, and Australian Alan Jones, who with four victories is this season's most successful driver.

Limited testing for the GP began Thursday, with regular training sessions scheduled Friday and Saturday.

Aussies prepare to meet U.S. in Davis Cup play

SYDNEY, Oct. 3 (R)—The Australian tennis team is making every effort to give Davis Cup holders and favorites the United States the hardest possible test in the inter-zone semi-final starting here on Friday.

Last week, the team of John Alexander, Mark Edmondson, Brad Drewett and Rose Case held its own internal tournament on grass at Brisbane, the idea was to get the boys used to playing under tournament conditions on grass, and more importantly, under Davis Cup rules.

"said non-playing captain Neale Fraser after the squad completed a five-hour training session here.

He defied predictions that his relatively inexperienced team would be crushed by American giants John McEnroe, Vitas Gerulaitis and doubles partners Stan Smith and Bob Lutz.

"Australia has not been beaten at home in the competition for at least 10 years and we have our own court and our own surface-grass," he said.

In Bloomington, Minnesota, No. Six-ranked Dianne Fromholtz defeated Pam Shriver 6-7, 7-6, 6-2 Tuesday night in the second day of first-round play at the U.S. Women's Indoor Tennis Championships.

Shriver, 17, served two consecutive double faults at match point before her first loss.

Fromholtz took advantage of two more in the tie-breaker to win

the second set of the two hour, 10 minute marathon.

Fromholtz, 23, had little difficulty handling her younger opponent in the third set.

In other action Tuesday night, Renee Richards played Evonne Goolagong, Martina Navratilova met Dore Gilberg and Virginia Wade took on Yvonne Vermaak.

In Kapaanali, Hawaii, veteran John Newcombe of Australia upset sixth-seeded Hank Pfister of the United States Tuesday night to advance in the first round of the Island Holidays Pro tennis classic.

Newcombe, a former Wimbledon champion, said he found he was getting nowhere playing hard and decided to relax. He then

downed Pfister 4-6, 7-5, 6-3.

The tournament, with 48 players entered, got under way Monday and runs through Sunday.

Top-seeded Peter Fleming downed Matt Mitchell, 6-3, 6-1, in his first-round match Tuesday night while second-seeded Gene Mayer beat Paul Kronk 6-0, 3-0, with Kronk retiring in the second set.

Third-seeded Victor Amaya beat South African Kevin Curren 4-6, 7-5, 6-3 and fourth-seeded Vijay Amritraj stopped Mexico's Emilio Montano, 6-4, 6-3.

Fifth-seeded Marty Riessen struggled past Chris Lewis of New Zealand in a three-hour first-round match Monday, 6-7, 7-6, 7-6.

In other matches Tuesday, women's champion Chris Evert Lloyd watched from the sidelines as husband John Lloyd, ran out of gas in his first round contest with Bruce Manson, who took it 4-6, 6-4, 6-1. Ninth-seeded Vince van Patten, meanwhile, beat George Hardien 6-2, 2-6, 6-2.

WBA champs due in Pretoria

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 3 (AP)—All 11 of the World Boxing Association's champions will be at ringside in Pretoria Oct. 20 to watch the WBA world heavyweight title bout between John Tate of the United States and Gerrie Coetzee of South Africa. Sol Kerzner, head of a local hotel group putting up some of the money for the Tate-Coetzee fight, told the Rand Daily Mail Wednesday that American Promoter Bob Arum had finalized the arrangements last week in Miami, during the WBA congress there.

The fighters coming here for the bout, he said, are:

Light Heavyweight — Victor Galindez of Argentina.

Middleweight — Vito Autofermo of Italy.

Junior Middleweight — Masashi Kudo of Japan.

Welterweight — Jose Cuevas of Mexico.

Junior Welterweight — Antonio Cervantes of Colombia.

Lightweight — Ernesto Espana of Venezuela.

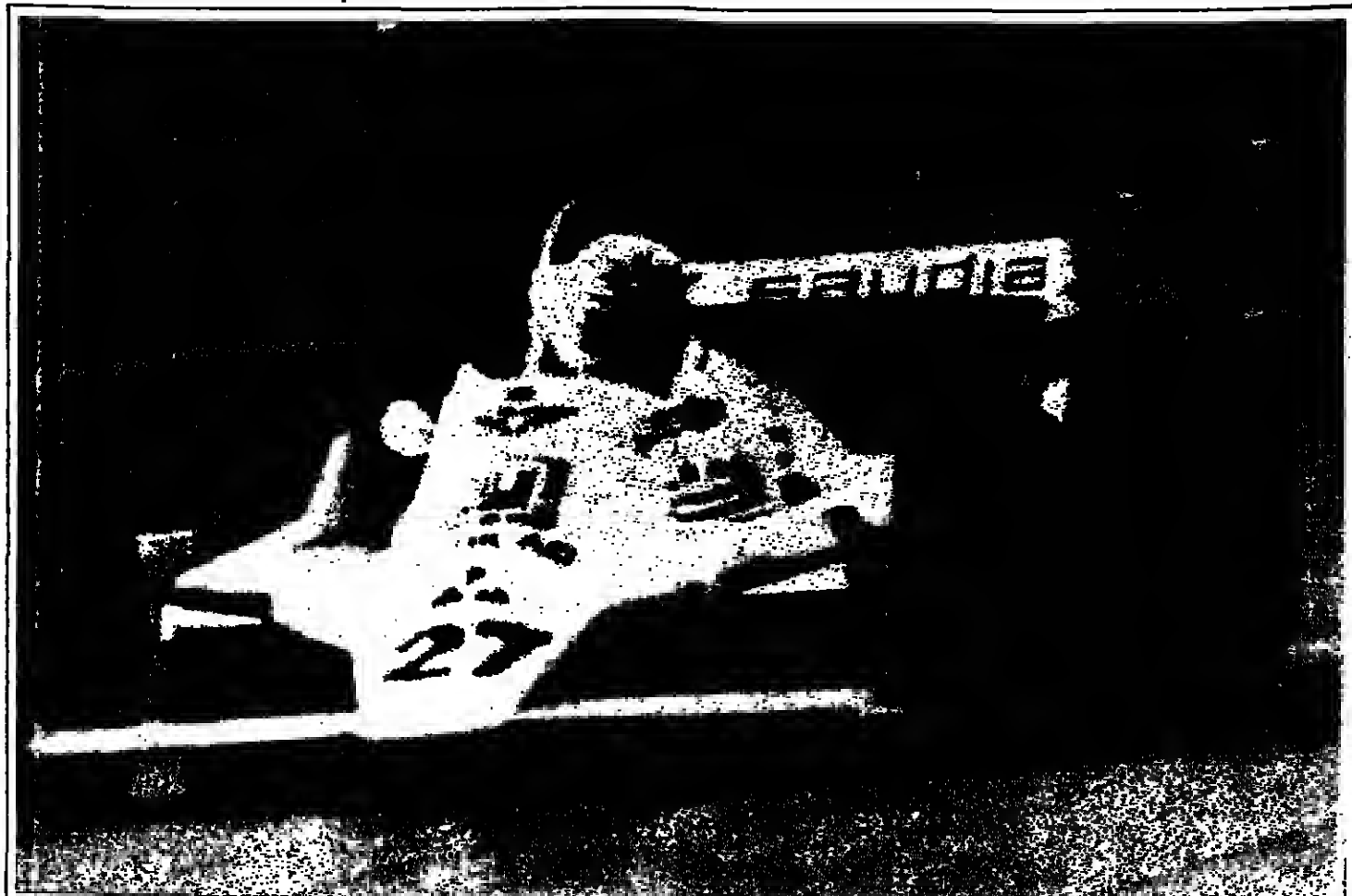
Junior Lightweight — Sam Serrano of Puerto Rico.

Featherweight — Eusebio Pedraza of Panama.

Junior Featherweight — Ricardo Cardona of Colombia.

Bantamweight — Jorge Lujan of Panama.

Flyweight — Betulio Gonzalez of Venezuela.



VICTORY WAVE: Alan Jones of Australia, the Sandia Williams driver, waves to the crowd as he crosses the finishing line to take the Canadian Grand Prix in Montreal Sunday, his fifth Grand Prix win of the year.

Manager responsible for revival

Barnwell brings Wolves from nowhere

LONDON, Oct. 3 (AP)—John Barnwell was content with a broad grin and a few modest comments. Nowadays Wolverhampton Wanderers does most of the talking for him.

The Wolves manager had just seen his stylish side defeat Arsenal 3-2 at Highbury Saturday, its third victory in eight days and a win that confirmed the continuing renaissance of one of Britain's most famous soccer clubs.

But if Saturday's sizzling performance did not have Barnwell searching for superlatives it is because he is enough of a realist to recognize that the path ahead remains a rocky one.

It has taken Wolves just nine matches this season to convince the skeptics that a revival really has taken place at Molineux, a ground that has nurtured a number of great teams of the past.

Last season Wolves just avoided relegation. A Cup semifinal appearance was an indication of a bright future, but when young

boss Barnwell was involved in a near fatal end of season road accident it seemed the revival would have to wait.

But Barnwell made an amazingly quick recovery, and clinched two transfer deals that revitalized his team.

First he signed veteran England captain Emlyn Hughes from Liverpool for a paltry £80,000. He then sold unsettled midfielder Steve Daley to Manchester City for just under £1.5 million and spent that money — and some more — on Scottish international striker Andy Gray.

Barnwell, who has regular headaches to remind him of his brush with death, laughs about the way he has returned to soccer. "The doctor told me to ease back into soccer gently — that is like asking for a friendly riot."

He gambled in signing both Hughes and Gray. Hughes has slowed considerably, while Gray had gained a reputation for being injury-prone.

Hughes, playing alongside the combative George Berry in the center of the defense, has steadied the entire back four.

"You have to give him credit," Barnwell says. "He has taken a lot of the anxiety out of our defensive play."

Gray has been a revelation. His partnership with the mercurial John Richards — "Brain and Brawn" — has resulted in goals galore.

The outcome has been a top six place in the League and a fine 1-2 win over previously unbeaten Crystal Palace in the League Cup.

Saturday's performance against Cup winner Arsenal was breathtaking. Gray, still not completely fit, oozed twice as Wolves produced a fresh, inventive performance that left even opposing manager Terry Neill with no complaints.

But if Barnwell was making ooo of the outrageous claims so beloved by his fellow team bosses it could have been that he had

taken a long, hard look at the fixture list.

This Saturday sees Wolves away to Nottingham Forest, European Champion and unbeaten at home.

Results:

English League Cup Third Round Replay

Bristol City 4 Peterborough 0

(Bristol home to Nottingham Forest in fourth round)

Swindon 1 Stoke City 1

(Swindon away to Plymouth or Wimbledon in fourth round)

Wimbledon 0 Plymouth 0

Division Three

Barnsley 1 Blackburn 1

Grimsby 1 Bury 0

Hull 1 Chesterfield 1

Rotherham 4 Carlisle 1

Sheffield Wed. 2 Millwall 0

Wimbledon versus Gillingham - postponed.

Division Four

Bournemouth 0 Portsmouth 1

Durham 3 Stockport 0

Doncaster 1 Tranmere 1

Hartlepool versus Wigan postponed

Huddersfield 3 Crewe 3

Northampton 3 Newport 2

Rochdale 2 Halifax 0

York 2 Souththorpe 0

Anglo-Scottish Cup Quarter Final Second Leg

Bolton 2 St. Mirren 0

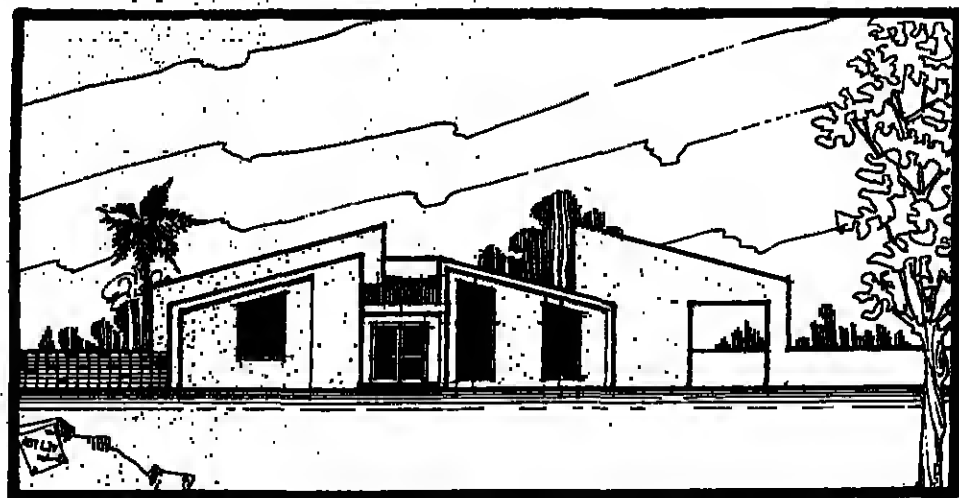
(Aggregate four-four — extra time being played)

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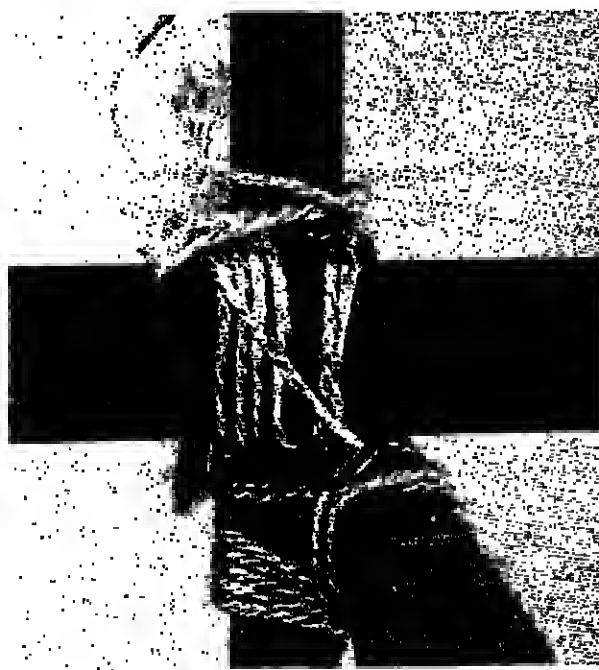
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Reflections on Occupied Palestine — Part IV

By Karim Khalef

Final Part

Torture, individual and mass deportations and the setting up of Israeli settlements in the Occupied Territories are aspects of Israeli occupation that some people living outside the Occupied Territories are aware of. However, of equal concern to people under occupation are other matters some of which seem quite harmless and necessary. Further analysis, though, uncovers long range planning aiming at, on the one hand, making life so intolerable so that Palestinians in increasing numbers are moving out to settle permanently in other countries and, on the other hand, incorporating the occupied territories into Israel and making such incorporation the only solution.

Under the first category come such matters as treatment of people crossing the bridge to and from Jordan. Under the guise of security measures, people undergo all sorts of humiliating experiences that make crossing the bridges a nightmare and to be tolerated only for urgent matters. However, whereas crossing the bridges can be avoided, daily commuting to work or school cannot. Checkpoints are put anywhere and everywhere. A person living in Ramallah and going to Jerusalem — a fifteen minute drive — can be stopped once and often twice on the way to work. Living up at a routine checkpoint can vary between a few minutes to half an hour or so, and can be in the form of checking identity to making people disembark and searching the inside of cars and buses as well as body searches at times — all depending on the whim of the soldier on duty. Some time ago an Israeli patrol making identity checks stopped a bus shuttling from Beir Zeit to Ramallah and forced the students to get off and hop for a distance on one foot. Soldiers cutting inroads into the hair of students going to school with shears is not unheard of. Peaceful demonstrations and strikes are strictly forbidden and are dealt with inhumanely. Tear gas bombing seems to have come into fashion. A few months ago at Beit Jala, a small town close to Bethlehem, troops surrounded a school, ordered pupils to close the windows of their classrooms, hurled CS antitank gas into the packed classrooms and blocked the exits. Ten students were scared and jumped out of second floor windows incurring fractures that will maim some of them for life.

Around the same time at nearby Bethlehem University, and in spite of the President's plea with the military governor for patience to the chanting and stone throwing by a small number of students, tear gas bombing lasted for around half an hour. Later, as students were going home, and in spite of the military governor's assurances, twenty three students were chosen haphazardly, beaten up and detained. A few days later some were put on trial and fined while five remained without the benefit of a trial for some time. At least one of the five, without the shadow of a doubt, could not have possibly thrown stones. The President of Bethlehem Uni-

versity vouches for his having been working with two instructors in the Physics laboratory during all the affair.

Cases of pupils and children killed during demonstrations is not unheard of and neither is killing during curfews. In 'Documents from Palestine' eleven such cases are reported to have taken place between December, 1968 and April, 1970.

The daily strain of living under occupation can further be illustrated by the relationship between the military authorities and the municipalities whereby even routine and daily matters become time consuming and complicated as a result of Israeli insistence on having all matters cleared by them. The problem is further compounded when the military authorities are 'unavailable' to mayors and municipal councils as an expression of disapproval and displeasure for statements given, strikes by town residents and demonstrations by students for which, ultimately, the authorities hold the municipalities responsible.

Put in a nut shell, the municipalities are given no authority whatsoever even in purely municipal matters and making them practically impotent to develop the services provided.

To begin with, the funds at their disposal are very limited and, not only have developed to meet the growing needs of the towns and their people, but have not even retained their pre 1967 level. The fuel tax, for example, provided the Ramallah municipality with an income of 40 to 50 thousand Jordan Dinars prior to 1967. Now, twelve years later,

Africa's story does not end with tales of horror and war

By Serge Schmemmann

YAOUNDE, Cameroon — The spectacular failures and sensational dictators may hit more headlines, but the real story of modern Africa may be its unheralded successes.

The atrocities of Idi Amin, the antics of Emperor Bokassa, the corruption in Zaire, or the wars in Chad, Ethiopia and Spanish Sahara are richly documented cancers of post-colonial Africa.

Whites resisting black majority rule in Southern Africa are quick to point to Cubans in Angola, Zambia's plunge from riches to rags, the chaos in Lagos or the floods of refugees across Africa's borders.

But in Cameroon, nestled under the bulge of West Africa, development has been fairly steady, the cities are neat and clean, the bureaucracy is reasonably honest and efficient, phones work well and the government is stable.

Where larger and better-endowed countries have failed, Cameroon has quietly succeeded in finding harmony, stability and modest affluence despite a population divided among 200 tribes, two major religions, two official languages and three former colonial masters.

Then there's Ivory Coast, leading black Africa in development absence of any significant natural resource except the will to work the soil and accept foreign investment.

Or Kenya, surviving the death of its founding father, Jomo Kenyatta, to maintain its position as the tourist and economic leader in East and Central Africa.

Botswana may be vast, sparsely populated and poor, but two-party democracy has worked without a hitch since independence and President Seretse Khama is up for re-election again in October.

Malawi, spurned by most of black Africa because of its close diplomatic and trade links with South Africa and lacking any valuable natural resources, has achieved a steady growth rate and a growing middle class by encouraging agriculture.

Western-style democracy may still have only a tenuous grip on a continent where most nations were artificially carved out by colonial rulers with no regard for ethnic groupings, and where large

numbers of people still live in tribal societies.

But the political tide may be shifting. In the past few months alone, three of Africa's most brutal dictators — Uganda's Amin, Equatorial Guinea's Francisco Macias Nguema and Central Africa's Jean-Bedel Bokassa — have been swept aside.

Two other countries with long histories of cruel and military governments, Nigeria and Ghana, have turned the reins of state back to civilian politicians. The elements of success are hard to generalize on a continent of 50 widely differing nations, and "success" itself is hard to quantify.

There are Africa watchers who argue, for example, that the Ivory Coast's or Kenya's impressive skyscrapers and abundant consumer goods are only a thin veneer of opulence bought at the cost of excessive European economic involvement.

Leaders like Felix Houphouet-Boigny of Ivory Coast, Hastings Banda of Malawi or Leopold Senghor of Senegal are often accused of being stooges for Western "neo-colonialists."

Nonetheless, standards such as annual growth, gross domestic product, per capita income, trade balance show that as a general rule the most successful states are those whose leaders have espoused free enterprise over Marxist socialism, and who have welcomed Western experts and investments.

Africa watchers cite these other common elements:

— Success where governments have encouraged agricultural development over hreakneck industrialization.

— The popular notion that former French colonies have done better than former British ones. — A stable post-colonial government. Some have achieved this stability at the cost of human rights, some with foreign help, but in many cases prosperity has led to liberalized rule and greater political freedoms.

Still, according to Mabel Smythe, the U.S. ambassador to Cameroon, no theories can fully explain why one country flourished while its neighbor stagnated. Stability, free enterprise, agriculture all helped, but the key factor, she says, was "lots of luck." — (AP)

WHICH VOICE IS REAL?

The remarkable somersault by which President Sadat left the Arab line to stand behind his new-found "cousins" the Israelis, has reflected itself on more than one level of Egyptian presidential politics. The outcome has been some innovations which Arab politics, already sufficiently overheated, could have done well without. One of the more significant ones is the following. It was usual for Arab heads of state — indeed for heads of state anywhere — to remain aloof from the rough and tumble of direct political controversy. A regard for the "longer view" dictates that such matters are left for ministers and publicists. Once the controversy is seen to have reached the limits of its usefulness and a new line is called for, those who waged it could then be moved aside until such time as need arises again. There is, admittedly, something cynical here. But it is a healthy brand of cynicism: a necessary price for preventing the personalisation, and therefore the fossilization of political disagreement.

This rule has been so completely overturned by Sadat that it is he now who is waging the struggle for his isolated "peace effort" through weekly press interviews as well any available public occasion. The Egyptian press, by no means through lack of trying, is left well behind by his enthusiastic and verbose comments. His ministers on the other hand are left with the task of counterbalancing his outpourings with a show of reasonableness.

The last two days have afforded him two opportunities to threaten, ridicule and personally abuse Arab leaders, and to declare his loyalty to the "peace process" he has initiated with the Israelis whatever the cost. But in the same period Egypt's Prime Minister Mustafa Khalil gave a spirited defense of Palestinian autonomy and Palestinian rights, while Foreign Minister Butros Ghali gave a speech in the U.N. General Assembly on Israel's policy in the occupied territories and Palestinian rights which no PLO representative would have been ashamed to give.

The question is how is the Arab world to understand all this? It is clear that Sadat's views must be held to overrule those of his ministers. And if his is Egypt's real position, then his motive for personalizing the struggle over the dishonorable "peace" must be to burn all his bridges with the rest of the Arab world, specially those countries who might still harbor some hope that a reconsideration of Egyptian policy is still possible.

SADAT'S FOLLIES

Sadat's escalating denunciations of the rest of the Arab world might seem particularly perverse in their timing. The bankruptcy of his "initiative" is all too evident by now. Should not reason counsel a certain hedging of bets now, a certain glance backwards to usable bridges to the old allies?

But the perversity is explicable by the Egyptian leadership's despair. Time is running out with no end in sight for the "peace process." The verbal pyrotechnics are designed to drown ominous murmurs of disappointment and frustration at home and intimations of total political defeat outside. Sadat's position has been eroded on all the four major fronts where the struggle around his ignoble "peace" is waged.

The internal situation in Egypt is threatening. All the promises of improvement in the daily life of the Egyptian people have come to nothing. The economic situation is desperate. The universities, the last platforms of dissent, are open season. To divert attention from internal misery to the alleged "transgression" of the Arabs represents Sadat's only hope in forestalling trouble.

The Arab position proved far sadder than Sadat or his allies had hoped. Their unified patriotic stand has earned the world's understanding and respect. King Hussein's refusal to meet with President Carter spelt the total failure of the mischievous, divisive efforts of the Camp David allies. Saudi Arabia, among other Arab countries, played a leading role in keeping the Arab line unbroken.

The Israelis as allies are more than an embarrassment and a hindrance than a help. Begin has refused to compromise even on the least essential of issues. No occasion to humiliate the Egyptian leadership by Israel's headline policies is missed. No face saving device however paltry was conceded by Begin to his "friend" Sadat.

On the international scene, the more influential members of the international community, far from flocking to the Camp David banner as was expected, are gravitating more and more closely to the position of the rest of the Arab world, as their various "initiatives" for a juster and more comprehensive peace prove. In the United States itself, the growing awareness by public opinion of the wrong done to the Palestinian is daily eroding the credibility of the Camp David approach.

With all this on his mind, the wonder is that Sadat is not shouting even louder.

A push for a piece of the pie

By George Short

BELGRADE — A determined attempt to push the industrial powers into parting with huge amounts of cash is being made by the developing countries at a gathering of world financial leaders here.

The developing countries feel increasingly anxious that they will be neglected as the industrial nations struggle to escape from sluggish economic growth and inflation.

They feel that if billions of dollars are transferred to them quickly, they might be able to contribute to solving world economic problems by helping to get the impetus of production going again.

At the annual meetings here of the World Bank and International Monetary Fund (IMF), they are trying to unite their own ranks and hoping for support from the Arab oil-producers.

Their interests are represented at the annual meetings by a grouping of delegations known as the "Group of 77" countries.

The finance ministers and central bankers in this group are presenting to the whole 138-nation World Bank and IMF meetings a proposal for a program of immediate action to alter the balance between rich and poor countries.

They have made it clear that they want the IMF

itself to change some of its rules so that easier credit will be made available to developing countries.

They have stressed, in talks by delegates to reporters and documents drawn up here, that the level of official development aid from industrial countries should be stepped up to at least the target of the United Nations of 0.7 per cent of each donor country's gross national product.

Some of them have argued that there should be cancellation of debts which have built up due to tough loan terms imposed in the past.

A special medium-term loan facility should be set up in the IMF, they say, and also a special oil facility to help non-oil producing developing countries.

And they have repeated their call for an end to protectionist barriers against the export of their goods to the industrialized world.

Another proposal is for the capital of the World Bank, which arranges aid for developing countries, to be doubled by adding another \$40 billion.

A system should be set up to enable developing countries with balance of payments difficulties to obtain special help.

One argument used by delegates from developing countries is based on an estimate that excess production capacity in the industrial world is at least \$200 billion. This is the capacity which existing

industries would be capable of meeting if there was the demand for it.

The developing countries argue that if between \$35 to 50 billion was poured into the Third World as extra aid, then the resulting economic activity — house building, factory building and so on — would create demand for goods from the industrial countries which would help use up this excess capacity.

All these ideas are being passed over to delegates of the big industrial countries and will be discussed in the coming months. How far they will get is open to question.

Some economists here, for instance, question whether huge amounts of extra cash could be invested in the developing world with enough precision to generate the demand which would use up excess capacity in the industrial economies.

But the developing countries may be able to push the industrial ones into going some way towards granting their requests.

The industrial nations, for instance, are planning details of a "substitution account" to help support the dollar. Nations would place their surplus dollars into the account in return for Special Drawing Rights (SDRs). The IMF's reserve unit. This would help mop up surplus dollars which otherwise might be sold on foreign exchange markets, further undermining the U.S. currency. — (R)

saudi press review

Most newspapers led with Bahraini Premier Sheikh Khalifa bin Salman Al Khalifa's statement before his departure for home. He stressed the necessity of cooperation and coordination in security matters between the two countries, and said there was identity of views on all matters discussed. While Al-Jazirah reported in its lead story that President Sadat of Egypt has urged PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat to stop commando activities and accord an official recognition to Israel. Okaz led with the Pakistani Foreign Minister's call for an emergency meeting of the U.N. General Assembly to debate the Middle East problem.

Al-Jazirah said in a front-page story that U.S. President Jimmy Carter has taken firm military measures against the Soviet presence in Cuba. Al-Riyadh gave prominence to the Italian

Defense Minister's statement on the aims of Iranian military maneuvers in Gulf, while Al-Medina highlighted a story from Tokyo saying that the Palestine issue was prominent in the current election campaign in Japan. It also front-paged a story on the meeting of the Provisional Committee of the International Monetary Fund (IMF), which has reportedly have agreed in principle on the setting up of a new monetary system to replace the U.S. dollar.

In an editorial, Al-Medina concentrated on the efforts of Arab leaders for solidarity in the face of growing plots of the enemies of Arabs and Muslims. Referring to the diplomatic contacts of Saudi leaders, it said most of their efforts are directed toward the Arab causes, particularly toward preserving a unified and strong Arab tank.

After detaching Egypt from the

rest of the Arab world, the Zionists are persistently trying widen the gap of Arab rifts. But the Arabs have so far proved that their alertness and mutual consultations have been able to foil the enemy plots and hold fast to their stance of their major issue," it said.

The paper endorsed the view of the Bahraini Premier that the Arabs can thwart the Zionist conspiracies if they reinforced their efforts with constructive and positive activities. It also said that that continuous contacts among the Arab leaders can prove to be the ideal way of facing the challenges. The paper made it clear that persistent conspiracies against the Arabs and Islam would never deter them so long as they are armed with solidarity and mutual coordination.

Al-Jazirah scoffed at Egyptian President Anwar Sadat for his call

to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat to end commando activities against the Israelis inside occupied Palestine and other Arab territories. The paper said the "Egyptian leader should instead have asked Israeli Premier Menachem Begin to stop barbaric activities against the unarmed Arabs in the occupied territory and South Lebanon."

It seems, the paper said, "that President Sadat is more pained by the Israeli fear of commando activities than the screams and wallings of Palestinian men, women and children in their camps in South Lebanon, where Begin's forces are exercising murderous activities against them day and night. President Sadat's new demand provides further evidence that the Zionist grip is too strong over his will and determination which he is using only to serve the Zionist objectives," the paper

said. Al-Nadwa, too, dealt with the same subject, saying that "Sadat's call reflects his capitulatory tendency and it is difficult to understand what norm or moral makes such a call permissible without making any difference between the assassin and the slain, the despot and the depressed."

"In the face of such a submissive tendency," the paper said, "we can say with confidence that Palestine shall be liberated with the help of arms carried by Palestinians themselves and the state of Palestine shall be formed under the authority of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) as the sole representative of the people of Palestine."

"In their struggle for liberation, the Palestinians will have the active support of the Arab nation, the international community and many more freedom-fighters, the

paper said, adding that negligence of rights shall never prevail over the Arab nation." it said.

Writing on the Saudi-Bahraini talks, Okaz said the identity of views has only confirmed that fraternal relations have been further strengthened between the two countries. It was only natural, the paper added, that Bahraini Premier Sheikh Khalifa bin Salman Al Khalifa and Crown Prince Fahd discussed measures to protect the security of the Gulf and to reiterate that the two countries will encounter any challenge to the peace and security of the region.

Al-Bilad said the resources that Sheikh Khalifa received from the Saudi leadership demonstrated this country's sincere expression of fraternal stances and the dimensions of cooperation that should exist among the Gulf people.

سكنا من النمل

The White House Days

Words and Shadows: Evolution of Middle East Strategy (4)

Editor's note: This the fourth installment of former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's memoirs, *The White House Days*, which Arab News is publishing twice a week on Thursdays and Sundays. Although he no longer holds public office, Kissinger yields considerable power and influence in Washington. His memoirs are a valuable insight into recent Middle East history and into the man himself.



Dr. Henry Kissinger

Our dilemma was that if we pressured Israel, we would give encouragement to Arab radicals and Soviet clients, who would see it as a vindication of their intransigence and of their Soviet comradery; for the same reason such pressure could also drive Israel to extreme actions, or at least to dig in and concede nothing. If on the other hand we failed to press Israel, the blame for the deadlock would fall on us. In the event that Israel agreed to compromise terms, the Palestinians would then probably block a settlement, with Syrian and Iraqi support; a moderate Arab government, that agreed to the settlement would come under assault from the radicals. Hussein and even Nasser could become vulnerable. The result would be not merely a failed negotiation but increasing chaos and a new danger of war. In other words, given the influence and intransigence of the Soviets, the militance of Nasser, and the power of the fedayeen, I argued, the Middle East was not ready for a comprehensive American initiative.

The State Department came up with a paper of "general principles" which led precisely in that direction. It asserted that the object of negotiations was a binding contractual agreement, though not necessarily a peace treaty. Face-to-face talks were "not essential" in the early phase but would probably have to occur "at some point." The principles allowed minimal changes from preexisting borders, but such changes "should not reflect the weight of conquest." (The language about "the weight of conquest" was a State Department euphemism for insisting on near-total Israeli withdrawal; it had appeared earlier in a speech by President Johnson on September 10, 1968. The clear assumption behind the principles was that, while the UN's Gunnar Jarring was to take the lead, with the Four-Power and Two-Power talks

"backstopping" him, in the last analysis the effort could work only if the United States exercised its full leverage over Israel. An earlier version of State's general principles paper insisted on Israeli withdrawal to the prewar line with Egypt and Jordan, except for minor border rectifications only in the case of Jordan. On this provision, I did manage to soften State's principles in a session with Sisco, though an Israeli explosion was certain anyway.

On March 10, Nixon approved the State Department recommendation that the general principles paper be presented to Eban during his visit; the paper would be discussed point by point between Sisco and Dobrynin and submitted to the Four-Power forum as the basis for consultations there. Nixon indicated to me that he shared my skepticism about what could come of it, but he said it would give State something to do, while we handled Vietnam, SALT, Europe, and China in the White House. (It is not to be excluded that he gave Rogers an opposite explanation. Rogers proudly novelled the new approach in public testimony to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee on March 27, telling the Senators that was "a direct interest of the United States to exercise whatever influence it has, in whatever way would be useful and effective..." Calling for "secure and recognized boundaries" and a "contractually binding" state of peace, Rogers added the crucial formula: "In our view rectifications from the preexisting lines should be confined to those required for mutual security and should not reflect the weight of conquest."

Sisco's talks with Dobrynin stretched over nine sessions between March 18 and April 22 and followed predictable lines. The only topic discussed was the American general principles paper, with Dobrynin pressing Sisco to be more specific. Being

more specific in this context meant spelling out a firmer position on issues such as final borders, which could only provoke an uproar in Israel by making it obvious that we had moved closer to the Soviet-Egyptian insistence on total withdrawal. We presented the general principles to the Four Powers on March 24 with the same result. Once again the American position was the focus of debate, with our allies seeking to nudge us into a greater effort. "Greater effort" had the same operational meaning as being "more specific." We were being jockeyed from position to position, endlessly asked to modify our positions in order to rescue a negotiation that we ourselves had started presumably in order to ease pressures on us.

At the end of March, I sent an interim report about the Two-

Power talks to the President:

While we have so far avoided the worst dangers of an unprepared position, the whole burden of the talks could still fall on us — for producing all the substantive proposals and for bringing the Israelis around... A good definition of an equitable settlement is one that will make both sides unhappy. If so, we must have Soviet help, and the Soviets must share the blame for pushing an unjustifiable solution.

We had already separated ourselves from Israel's position; the Soviets had not reciprocated by differentiating their position in any way from the Arabs'. Before we took new steps, I reiterated, we needed to develop an agreed United States position on the terms of a final settlement, on the tactics of producing it, on how to

relate the Two- and Four-Power talks, and on how to coordinate both of them with Jarring. Otherwise, the entire exercise would end in confusion.

All these procedural maneuverings would not spare us from the necessity to hear the view of the parties themselves — a process bound to bring us starkly in to contact with reality once again.

Middle East Visitors

The first to be heard from was the eloquent Abba Eban, who arrived in Washington in the middle of March for talks at the White House and State. I had met Eban socially in Israel when he was Minister of Education; this was my first professional contact with him. I have never encountered anyone who matched his command of the English language. Sentences poured forth in mellif-

lous constructions complicated enough to test the listener's intelligence and simultaneously leave him transfixed by the speaker's virtuosity. The prose flowed evenly, without high points, rustling along inexorably like a clear mountain stream. To interrupt seemed almost unthinkable, for one knew that one would have to do so in an idiom that seemed barbaric by comparison. No American or British personality ever reminded me so acutely that English was for me, after all, an acquired language.

Eban's eloquence — unfortunately for those who had to negotiate with him — was allied to a first-class intelligence and fully professional grasp of diplomacy. He was always well prepared; he knew what he wanted. He practiced to the full his maxim that anything less than one hundred per cent agreement with Israel's point of view demonstrated lack of objectivity. Even a most sympathetic position — say ninety per cent — was deplored as "erosion," "weakening," or "loss of nerve." I was not always sure whether Eban's more matter-of-fact colleagues in Jerusalem appreciated

his eloquence as much as I did; his Prime Minister seemed occasionally to bypass him in favor of more unorthodox channels. But I was hardly in a strong moral position to object to channels that bypassed a Foreign Minister.

Eban took vigorous exception to the very concept of Four-Power and Two-Power talks, on the ground that the deck would be stacked against Israel in either group. Eban stressed the one Israeli demand that he calculated was least likely to be met by the Arabs: the insistence on direct negotiations and Arab signatures on a joint peace treaty. A signed peace treaty was essential, he explained, because of the special reverence that the Arabs had always shown for written promises. I did not move him by suggesting that in my admittedly inadequate reading of Arab history I had found no greater or lesser adherence to signed treaties than in any other part of the world. Eban was too shrewd to waste time debating history with me, however. He had a long meeting with Secretary Rogers on March 13 in the course of which he was shown the general principles paper, rejected it, and asked that it

not be submitted. Eban objected strongly to our formulations regarding borders. It seemed to preclude what Israel insisted could be negotiated only between the parties. Let us grow too self-confident about any other portion of our principles paper. Eban rejected the notion of big-power guarantees. By "globalizing" every event in the Middle East, he said, we would as well turn the area into another Berlin. Egypt was not ready for the kind of peace Israel required; he was convinced the Soviet presence in Egypt made it increasingly unlikely that Nasser would be flexible. A negotiation with Jordan, less immoderate and free of Soviet influence, was more hopeful.

In the final analysis, Eban saw nothing intolerable in the status quo. Israel much preferred that the United States avoid an active role and let Jarring pursue his course. Israel was ostensibly willing to negotiate but profoundly pessimistic about prospects for a comprehensive settlement. This meant that there was no way of pursuing the course we had set for ourselves without a massive clash with Israel.

(To be continued Sunday)

KIOSK

Goings on about town

Jeddah

Saturday, Oct. 6

Belgian women's tea at the ambassador's residence, 5 p.m.

Saudi Arabian Natural History Society will meet at 8 p.m. at the U.S.G.S. compound north of Spinner's Restaurant, Kilo 5 Medina Road. Ken Ferguson will speak on "Satellite views of the Arabian Peninsula."

Riyadh

Wednesday, Oct. 10

A concert sponsored by the Riyadh Concert Committee with French tenor Bernard Van der Merw and Caroline Haffer, piano. The program includes Schubert and Debussy at 8:30 p.m. at the Ingram's villa (see posters for map).

Thursday, Oct. 4

Ballet program sponsored by the Dhahran Ballet Group. Cost, tie and evening dress required. Dhahran theater, 7 p.m. tickets at SR15 on sale at the door.

Friday Oct. 5

Championship Squash Display by Bryan Patterson and John Laster at the new squash courts of the university of Petroleum and Minerals. SR50 per day including a squash clinic. To reserve tickets call Muhammad Baluch 867411.

Sunday, Oct. 7 Saturday Oct. 13

Oriental Carpet Exhibition at the Al-Gosaibi Hotel, Al-Khobar. English language documentary on oriental carpets 8:30 p.m. daily. Exhibit open 11 a.m. — 10 p.m.

Thursday, Oct. 11

British Week opens at the Al-Gosaibi Hotel. Exhibit of British goods and services with traditional English teas in the afternoons. Entry SR2 each day.

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Giscard says appeals prompted involvement in anti-Bokassa coup

BONN, Oct. 3 (R) — French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing said Tuesday night his country sent troops to topple dictator Jean Bedel Bokassa in response to many appeals from the people of the Central African Republic.

The French leader, who is now visiting West Germany, denied in a television program here that France's intervention was made solely for economic reasons.

He also rejected a description of French troops as "Cubans of the West" and said only a few hundred soldiers were involved for a limited period, while Cuba had tens of thousands of troops in Africa on long-lasting war basis.

He faced questions from a panel of eight young men and women on such diverse subjects as human rights and nuclear energy.

On the overthrow of ex-Emperor Bokassa, the president said countries could not always stand by in such situations and do nothing. He drew a parallel with Tanzania's invasion of Uganda and the overthrow of the Idi Amin administration.

Not one African state had condemned the French action when the subject arose in the United Nations, he said.

He agreed that more should be

done to protect human rights throughout the world but said pressure and condemnation were not the best methods in many cases.

He said at West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt's request he had interceded with Poland over the question of allowing ethnic Germans to resettle in the West.

His intercession came during Bonn-Warsaw negotiations which culminated in the signing of a treaty in 1975, allowing 125,000 Polish citizens to make new homes in West Germany.

The president said France's expansion of nuclear power stations was aimed at creating a kind of "national oil."

The danger of nuclear accidents in France or West Germany was much smaller than in other states because of the tight controls which existed, he said.

But he expressed concern at the risks which could arise through the spread of nuclear technology to less developed areas of the world, where controls were less stringent.

On disarmament, he said France hoped to gain support for its proposal for a European disarmament conference at next year's Madrid follow-up session to the Helsinki conference.

Dacko says Bokassa ate people's flesh in secrecy

BANGUI, Oct. 3 (AP) — President David Dacko says that dismembered human torsos and limbs "trussed up and prepared for roasting" were discovered in freezers belonging to former Emperor Bokassa I.

The Central African Republic's new president said in an interview Tuesday that a judicial commission was preparing an indictment against Bokassa including charges of ritual cannibalism, mass murder, an unknown number of individual killings and embezzling millions of dollars of public funds.

"We are asking the government of the Ivory Coast to extradite Bokassa so he can stand trial for his crimes against this country," Dacko said.

Dacko said the human remains were found in a large freezer at a riverside villa in Kolongo, five miles south of Bangui, used by Bokassa for "private parties."

Dacko, the first president of the former French colony, was himself

ousted by Bokassa in 1965. Bokassa later crowned himself emperor and set up an imperial court modeled after that of Napoleon Bonaparte. On Sept. 21, he was overthrown in a French-backed coup by Dacko who promptly restored the republic.

The new president, who was long imprisoned under the Bokassa regime but later became one of the emperor's political advisers, said "all of us in his entourage long suspected that he practiced cannibalistic rites." He added: "One indication of this was that he often talked about the meals he took in secret, at dead of night, with only his most intimate companions present."

Dacko's statement came amid a series of accusations of cannibalism made against Bokassa since his ouster. But no witness has yet turned up who actually saw Bokassa eat human flesh.

Cannibalism is under taboo in Africa.



WELCOME: French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing is welcomed by West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt Monday as the French leader arrived in Bonn for the 34th Franco-German summit. Giscard, appearing in Bonn television Tuesday night, defended French involvement in the Central African coup that toppled Emperor Bokassa and said French troops were sent there after appeals for help reached him.

Officials at U.S. nuclear station minimize radioactive leak danger

RED WING, Minnesota Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Radioactive steam emissions from a ruptured tube at the Prairie Island nuclear plant apparently did not endanger the environment, although the steam spewed into the air for about 27 minutes, a plant spokesman says.

"The total radiation exposure at the plant's site boundary has been estimated to be less than one-tenth of a millirem, well within permissible limits," Jan Strasma, spokesman for the Northern States Power Co., said Tuesday night.

State and NSP radiation monitoring teams detected no increase in radiation around the plant after the rupture.

NSP specialists planned Wednesday to run tests inside the facility.

Tests on workers at the site showed readings of between 2 and 6 millirems, said Gerard Goering, superintendent of the NSP's Nuclear Operations Service. Goering said NSP regulations permit up to 100 millirems per week. A millirem is the measure of biological exposure of radiation to human beings.

Strasma said all safety systems in the generator worked as designed. The plant was cooling down normally after the shutdown, officials said.

The mishap is the third accidental release of radioactive gas from U.S. nuclear power plants in the last seven months.

A month after the Harrisburg scare resulting from the Three

Mile Island accident, radioactive water and gas spilled from a power station in Zion on the shores of Lake Michigan north of Chicago when a seal burst in its cooling system.

A team of experts from the federal government's Nuclear Regulatory Commission flew in to Red Wing Tuesday night to investigate.

President Jimmy Carter sailed

past the power station when he made a riverboat trip down the Mississippi at the end of August.

The reactors, which provide power for Minneapolis and its twin city of St. Paul, were opened in 1973 and 1974.

Although the plant had a good safety record, the accident is likely to give fresh impetus to the national protest movement against nuclear energy.

Moderates get battering U.K. Labor Party turns leftward

BRIGHTON, Oct. 3 (AP) — Britain's Labor Party, still smarting over its election defeat at the hands of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's Conservatives last May, Wednesday completed a lurch to the left by insisting that in future the party manifesto (platform) should be written by the National Executive Committee and not by the party leader.

The 18-member National Executive, elected by district party activists and trade unions, is leftist dominated and its victory Wednesday at the party's annual conference here was yet another shattering defeat for former Prime Minister James Callaghan.

Callaghan Tuesday had lost a fight against an executive move to have all members of parliament reapproved by their district committees before each election. His sole success was in beating down a move to have the party leader nominated by a form of electoral college from the party as a whole, instead of by Laborite MPs as at present.

Up to now, the party leader, in consultation with MPs and the executive, has been responsible for drawing up the manifesto, but has always had the power of vetoing any proposal. Before last May's election, Callaghan is reported to have wiped out executive proposals to eliminate the House of Lords and to nationalize the construction industry.

In bitter conference confrontations during debates on the issues,

Callaghan's attackers had accused him of losing the last election by "killing or maiming" scores of party policy commitments in drafting the manifesto.

But the left came in for some violent hammering from rightwing speakers.

Party member Geoff Guinness, who was jeered when he declared that voters as a whole did not want

revolution or extreme leftwing socialism, shouted to leftwing opponents "with enemies like you, Mrs. Thatcher doesn't need friends."

And rightwing trade union official Roy Grantham declared, "We lost the election because of the foolish belief that votes in this kind of more important than the votes of the ordinary people in the ballot box."

Twelve Italian terrorists given long jail sentences

ROME, Oct. 3 (R) — A woman guerrilla has been sentenced to twenty-one and a half years in jail and 11 other people received sentences ranging from sixteen and a half to four years after a trial of 16 members of the Armed Proletarian Nuclei (NAP) urban guerrilla group.

Maria Pia Vianale, 25, was Tuesday convicted of the murder of a policeman in February 1977. She had escaped from prison two years earlier and was recognized by the policeman on a Rome bus while in company with another guerrilla, Antonio Lo Muscio.

She and her accomplice shot the policeman dead and escaped, but she was arrested some months later during a gunbattle in which Lo Muscio was killed.

The other members of the

group were convicted of a number of attacks and shootings, most of them in 1976.

In Cagliari, Sardinia, some prisoners led by a Red Brigades guerrilla. Wednesday ended a 10-hour rebellion at a top-security jail on the island of Asinara.

The revolt broke out Tuesday night when the prisoners smashed installations in protest against searches after the discovery of escape plan and then barbed themselves in.

About 200 anti-riot policemen were ferried to the island off northwest coast of Sardinia and surrounded the fortress.

One warder was slightly injured when hit with an iron bar by a Brigades leader Obero Ogilivene, serving a long jail sentence for the murder of a policeman.

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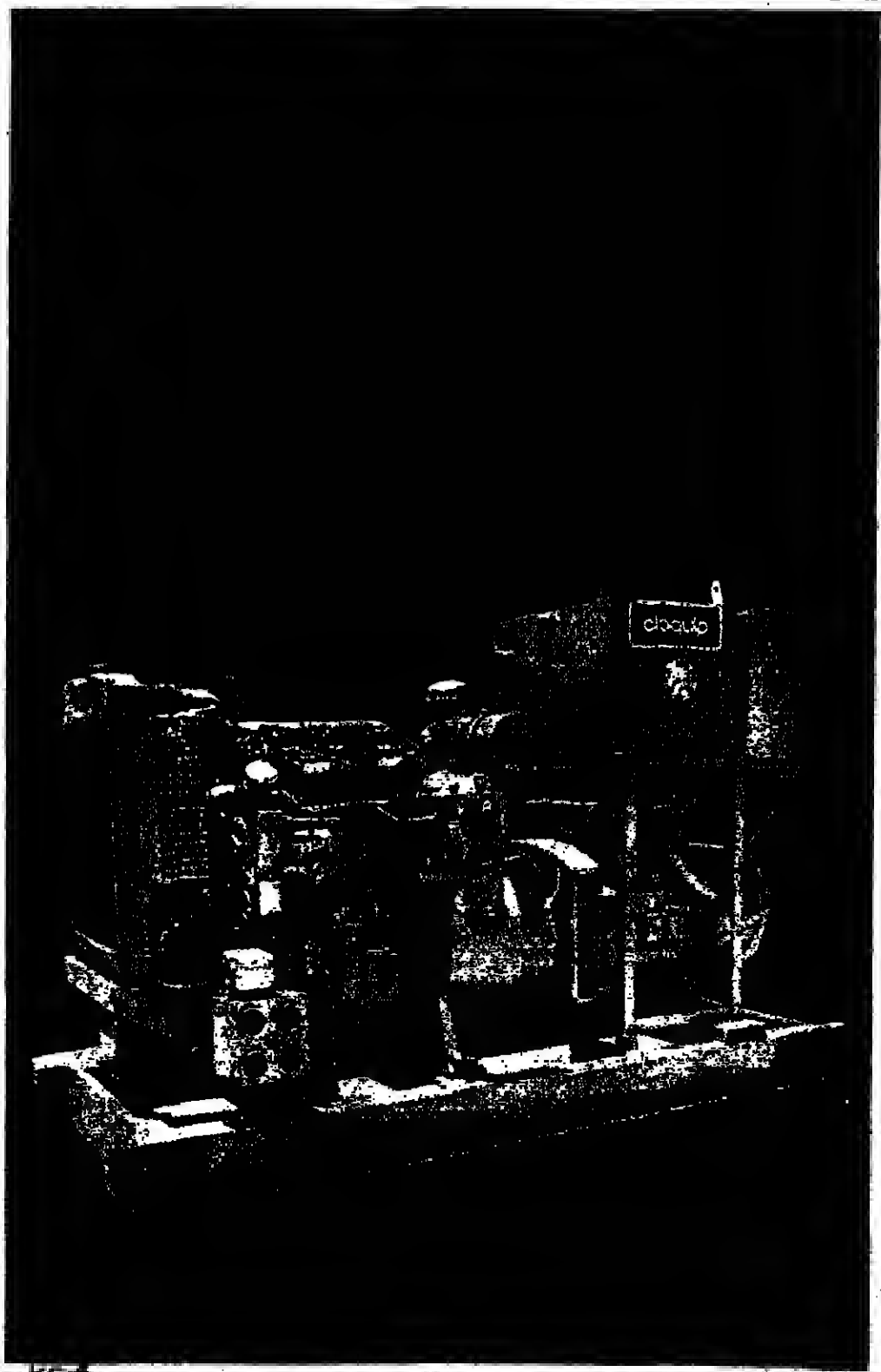
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C. Province : P.O. Box 753, Riyadh. Tel.: 4789578-4781904. Telex: 200497 KANOO SJ. Cable: YUSUFKANOO RIYADH.

W. Province : P.O. Box 812, Jeddah. Tel.: 74241, 71608 70932, 71038. Telex: 401039 KANOO SJ. CABLE: YUSUFKANOO JEDDAH.



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A NEW SUGAR REFINERY IS TO BE SET UP IN THE PORT OF JEDDAH BY THE SAUDI SUGAR COMPANY LIMITED. INITIAL WORKS ARE DUE TO START IN JANUARY 1980 FOR COMPLETION BY NOVEMBER 1982.

CONTRACTORS INTERESTED IN PART OR ALL OF THE WORKS SHOULD WRITE, IN ENGLISH, TO THE ADDRESS BELOW INDICATING IN THE FIRST INSTANCE THE SECTION OR SECTIONS IN WHICH THEY ARE QUALIFIED TO PERFORM WITH WRITTEN PROOF OF THEIR ABILITY INCLUDING DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE OF SIMILAR WORK CARRIED OUT. THE WORKS WILL BE DIVIDED INTO THE FOLLOWING MAIN CONTRACTS:

- SOIL CONSOLIDATION
- CIVIL EARTH WORKS
- CIVIL ENGINEERING WORKS
- OFFICE AND ANCILLARY BUILDINGS, INCLUDING THE MOSQUE
- UNDERGROUND PIPING SUPPLY
- REFINERY STRUCTURAL ERECTION
- MECHANICAL ERECTION
- ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION
- INSULATION APPLICATION
- PAINTING

THE CLOSING DATE FOR REGISTRATION WILL BE THE 1ST NOVEMBER 1979.

IT IS ANTICIPATED THAT INVITATIONS TO TENDER WILL BE ISSUED FROM 15th NOVEMBER 1979.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AND ANY REQUESTS FOR FURTHER INFORMATION SHOULD BE SENT TO THE PROJECT MANAGER (JEDDAH REFINERY), TATE AND LYLE ENGINEERING, 1 COSMOS HOUSE, BROMLEY COMMON, BROMLEY, KENT BR2 9NA, ENGLAND.



King Khaled and Colonel Qaddafi salute the crowd with clenched fists.

King Khaled visits

Libya

— photos
by SPA



Libya greets Saudi Arabia with a kiss.



The King, followed by his chief of royal protocol, Sheikh Ahmad Abdul Wahhab, is given a red-carpet welcome by Colonel Qaddafi.



The two heads-of-state stand at attention for the playing of national anthems upon the king's arrival.

*On
Saturday,
Sept. 28,
King Khaled
became
the first
sovereign
of Saudi
Arabia to
visit
Colonel
Muammar
Qaddafi.*



The King greets members of the Libyan armed forces.



King Khaled and Minister of Defense Prince Sultan move down a receiving line at Benghazi airport.



Colonel Qaddafi, flanked by the King and Prince Sultan, leads a round-table discussion.

Further shortages expected

Libya cancels 'some' oil contracts

VIENNA, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Libyan Oil Minister Ezzedin Ali Mabruk confirmed Wednesday that his country has canceled some oil supply contracts beginning Jan. 1.

Speaking to reporters at a semi-private seminar of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), Mabruk said the oil from the contracts would be diverted to supply oil directly to other governments, particularly to that of West Germany.

Mabruk said Libya would supply oil to companies and countries that make investments to look for more oil inside Libya.

Mabruk did not say which companies have lost contracts or how much additional oil would be provided to West Germany. He said West Germany currently receives about 200,000 barrels a day from Libya.

The minister also said about 13 companies and governments that have supply contracts with Libya agreed to spend one billion dollars

over the next five years to search for oil in Libya.

"If consuming countries want to use our oil, they have to invest in exploration to look for it," Mabruk said.

Mabruk said Libya does not plan to reduce its production on Jan. 1, but only shift oil supplies from one buyer to another. He said output would remain at about two million barrels a day.

Meanwhile the current president of OPEC said here that the world will experience further oil shortages in the next few months.

"We are going to face it again this winter," Mane Said Al Oteiba told a meeting of oil producers, traders and consumers sponsored by OPEC.

Dr. Oteiba, who is oil minister for the United Arab Emirates (UAE), said the shortages last winter had shown how difficult the supply situation had become.

He said the decline of the dollar and persisting world inflation had eroded the purchasing power of OPEC's oil revenues.



Libyan Oil Minister

"Certainly we are the losers every day," Dr. Oteiba said.

"The purchasing power of our oil should be protected in one way or another."

Dr. Oteiba cited the way the United States and the Soviet Union had agreed on SALT treaties limiting strategic arms.

"I we don't have a 'SALT' here, we may face another world war — over oil," he said.

He said producers and consumers

could come to some kind of confrontation unless they were able to sit down and discuss their differences.

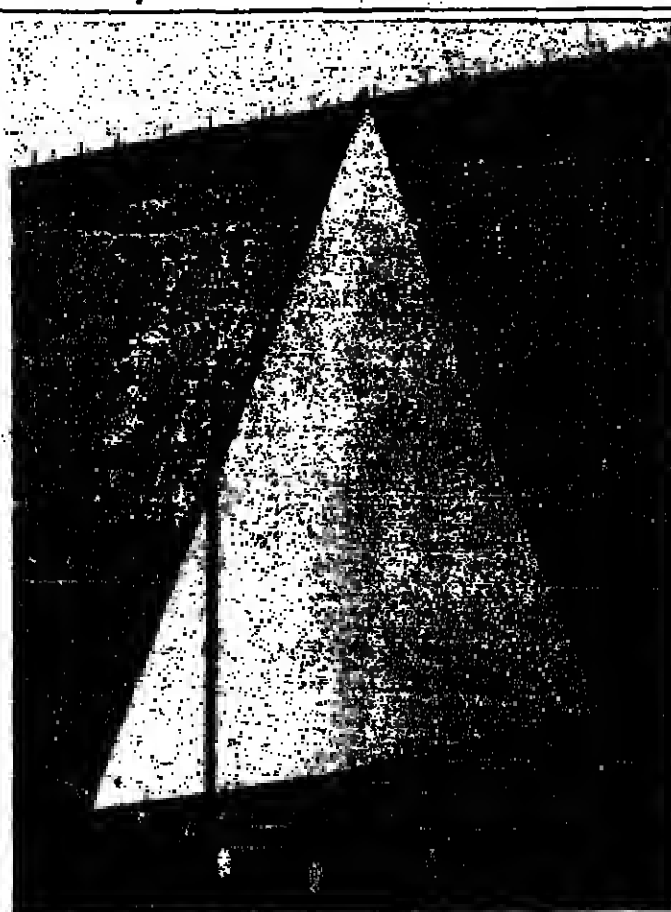
Dr. Oteiba said the dollar had declined by less than five per cent in value since the last oil ministers meeting in June.

It would probably fall further by December, he said, but he did not know how much.

In another development Nigeria, which produces much of the crude oil used for making gasoline, has apparently changed its mind and will not raise its oil prices for the time being.

The decision by Nigeria not to raise crude oil prices came as a surprise to some oil experts. Nigeria had been hinting for several weeks that it was about to raise its price \$3 to \$5 above the \$23.50 a barrel it currently charges.

"We've been notified that the prices applicable in the fourth quarter will be the same as those in the third quarter," said a crude-oil buyer for an American oil company.



DHOW OF GLASS: Under sail — a few minutes after launching the first British-made Arab dhow of glass reinforced plastic (GRP) at Brighton in southern England. The latest-rigged vessel was earlier handed over to the United Arab Emirates Ambassador to Austria, Sheikh Sultan Bin Rashid Al-Nasmi by the boat builder's Managing Director, David Greenwood, during a ceremony at the marina.

Arabs hold very little American farmland

WASHINGTON Bureau
WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 — While foreigners hold interests in about four million acres of American agricultural land, less than 1,500 acres are owned by Arabs, the Department of Agriculture has revealed.

The new foreign ownership figures, compiled from preliminary studies by the Agriculture Department, show that foreign — and particularly Arab — purchases of U.S. farm, range and forest land have been far less than legislators and farm organizations have feared.

Total foreign holdings of American farm land make up less than one-half of one per cent of such land in the United States, the department said.

Nearly two-thirds of all foreign-owned land in the U.S. is held by investors from four countries — Britain, Luxembourg, West Germany and Canada — according to the figures.

The study covered purchases through Aug. 31 of this year, the department said.

The minuscule amount of Arab-owned farmland lays to rest the persistent rumors that "oil-

rich Arabs" have been buying up huge tracts of agricultural land in the South and West and thereby inflating land prices.

About one-third of the foreign farmland holdings are located in Georgia, Tennessee and South Carolina, the department said. Most of these holdings are forestlands whose trees are exploited commercially for pulp and saw wood.

The department also noted sub-

stantial foreign holdings in Massachusetts and such western states as California and Texas.

The figures were compiled in compliance with the new agricultural Foreign Investment Disclosure Act, passed by Congress last year.

The department's findings tended to diminish the concerns expressed earlier this year by the General Accounting Office, Congress's auditing agency.

Foreign Exchange Rates				
WEDNESDAY	SAMA	Cash	Transfer	
U.S. Dollar	3.36	3.37	3.37	
Pound Sterling	7.37	7.40	7.42	
Deutsche Mark (100)	192.00	192.50	191.25	
Swiss F (100)	214.00	215.00	214.60	
French F (100)	82.00	82.00	81.60	
Italian Lira (10,000)	42.00	41.50	41.80	
Lebanese Lira (100)	102.00	102.10	102.10	
Syria Lira (100)	78.00	78.00	78.40	
Egyptian Pound	4.45	4.45	4.60	
Kuwait Dinar	12.20	12.17	12.17	
Jordanian Dinar	11.28	11.24	11.24	
Emirates Dirham (100)	88.50	88.50	88.50	
Qatari Riyal (100)	90.00	89.75	89.75	
Bahraini Dinar	8.85	8.84	8.84	
Iranian Riyal (100)	—	—	—	
Iraqi Dinar (100)	9.25	—	—	
Yemeni Riyal (100)	74.25	73.75	73.75	
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	88.25	88.25	
Indian Rupee (100)	—	41.80	41.80	
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	34.10	34.10	
Gold kg.	44,000.00	—	—	
10 Tolas bar	5,520.00	—	—	
Silver kg.	—	—	15.60	
Japanese Yen (1,000)	15.00	—	—	
Canadian Dollar	2.91	—	—	
Belgian Franc (1,000)	119.00	113.00	—	
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	174.00	172.00	—	
Spanish Peso	—	53.00	—	
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	81.00	—	
Philippines Peso (1,000)	—	—	45.80	

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rahji Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah — Tel.: 23815.

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON THE

3RD OCTOBER, 1979, 12TH DHUL QADA, 1399

Berth	Vessel	Agents	Cargo	Arrival
3.	Norbert	Alfina	Vehicles	2.10.79
5.	Patrick Vieux	Alfina	Milk Powder/Gen.	—
7.	Musa	M.E.S.A.	Refriger	28.9.79
9.	Andria	Alpha	Bulk Wheat	2.10.79
10.	Helena	Alpha	Refriger/Contrs.	2.10.79
11.	Innovator	Kanoo	Contrs./Steel/Gen.	30.9.79
12.	Polymath	Kanoo	Bulk Cement	30.9.79
13.	Obayes	Alfina	Bulk Cement	28.9.79
14.	La Cordillera	Alfina	Steel/Gen./Timber	1.10.79
15.	Jinyang II	S.E.A.	Contrs./Gen.	2.10.79
16.	Pattani Maru	Q.C.C.	Refriger	28.9.79
17.	Atlantic	—	—	—
18.	Frederic	Alfina	To Load Empty	2.10.79
19.	Medford	Alfina	Contrs.	2.10.79
20.	Rosario	Alfina	To Load Cere	2.10.79
21.	Amnah 2	Alfina	Gen./Cere, Chain	1.10.79
22.	Gondor	Star	Star	30.9.79
23.	Galinda	Star	Timber	30.9.79
24.	Dimitrios 'G'	Alfina	Timber	30.9.79
25.	Azorian Wind	Alpha	Bagged Barley	2.10.79

2. RECENT ARRIVALS:

Berth	Vessel	Agents	Cargo	Arrival
3.	Patrick Vieux	A'frah	Gen./Milk Powder	2.10.79
5.	Amnah 2	Alfina	Loading Cars	—
7.	Musa	M.E.S.A.	Refriger	—
9.	Kovloon Bay	Kanoo	Containers	—
10.	Medford	Alfina	To Load Empty	—
11.	Rosario	Alfina	Contrs.	—
12.	Al Garib	Kanoo	Contrs./Gen.	—
13.	Helena	Alpha	Refriger/Contrs.	—
14.	Innovator	Alfina	Trucks	—
15.	Pioneer Racer	Alfina	Vehicles	—
16.	Norbert	Alfina	Bagged Barley	—
17.	Azorian Wind	Alpha	To Load Empty Contrs.	—
18.	Char Ming	Abdullah	Yar/General	—
19.	Arya Jahan	Q.Trade	Contrs./General	—
20.	Pattani Maru	Alfina	Contrs./General	—

KING ABDUL AZIZ PORT, DAMMAM

SHIP MOVEMENTS UPTO 0700 HOURS ON

12.11.1399/3.10.1979 — CHANGES PAST 24 HOURS.

Berth	Vessel	Agents	Cargo	Arrival
8.	Ben Hayyan	Kanoo	General	2.10.79
10.	Kota Molek	Gulf	Loading Unes	24.9.79
12.	Arab Al Hijaz	S.C.S.A.	General	28.9.79
14.	Arab Al Hijaz	S.C.S.A.	General	1.10.79
16.	Wasek	S.E.A.	General	28.9.79
18.	Eastern Legend	S.E.A.	General	28.9.79
20.	Rosario	Gulf	General	1.10.79
22.	New Escalante (D.B.)	Alfina	Bulk Cement	28.9.79
24.	Tig Sultan	Kanoo	Steel Bars	1.10.79
26.	Berge Overseas-4	S.C.S.A.	General	30.9.79
28.	Arab Nafid	Alfina	General	30.9.79
30.	Duke Alabroas	Kanoo	General/Steel/Contrs.	2.10.79
32.	Arabic	Kanoo	General	2.10.79
34.	Tai Shou	S.E.A.	Rice in Bags	2.10.79
36.	Chai Trader	U.E.P.	General	1.10.79
38.	Onward No. 7	S.E.A.	General	30.9.79
40.	Arya Jahan	A.E.T.	General	1.10.79
42.	Pattani Maru	S.M.C.	Bulk Cement	27.9.79

2. RECENT ARRIVALS:

Berth	Vessel	Agents	Cargo	Arrival
3.	Chai Trader	U.E.P.	How In Bags	2.10.79
5.	Argat	Kanoo	General/Steel/Contrs.	2.10.79
7.	Ben Hayyan	Kanoo	General	2.10.79
9.	Tig Sultan	Kanoo	General	2.10.79
11.	Basset	S.E.A.	General	2.10.79
13.	Tai Shou	S.E.A.	Bulk Cement	2.10.79
15.	Asia Link	Alfina	General	2.10.79



NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Thalassina Mana

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ETD 4/10/79

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VESSELS	NAME	E.T.A DAMMAM	E.T.A JEDDAH
AL RAYYAN		2.10.79	
SALAH AL DEEN		3.10.79	
AL ARIDHIAH		2.10.79	
BARZAN			7.10.79

CONSIGNEES ARE REQUESTED TO COLLECT THEIR D O TO AVOID ANY DELAYS

AGENT: YUSUF BIN AHMED KANOO

DAMMAM RYADH JEDDAH
TEL 23011 TEL 28942 TEL 71608 74241
P.O.B. 37 P.O.B. 753 P.O.B. 812

EEC loans Egypt \$ 71 million

LUXEMBOURG, Oct. 3 (R) — The European Common Market has announced its first loans to Egypt, \$71.35 million for a power station and improvements to the Suez Canal.

The European Investment Bank (EIB), the EEC's long-term financing program, said one loan of \$35.675 million would be held to finance an oil or gas-fired power station in the Cairo suburb of Shoubra El-Kheima.

The second loan, also of \$35.675 million, would go toward clearing 12 weeks from the Suez Canal and improving shipyards in Port Said, Ismailia and Port Tawfik, the EIB said. This was part of a program to deepen and widen the canal and improve its facilities.

The loans are the first to be made under an agreement between the EEC and Egypt signed in November last year.

EEC eyes motorway to Balkans

VIENNA, Oct. 3 (R) — The European Economic Community (EEC) might help Austria build a motorway link between the Common Market and the Balkans, EEC Commission President Roy Jenkins said here.

"We have opened lines of thought on possible community help for the motorway," he told a news conference Tuesday.

Jenkins said concrete suggestions for EEC aid would be put to the council of ministers in a few weeks.

"We are taking this very seriously," he said noting that much of the EEC's trade with the Balkans and Greece, a future community member, passed through Austria.

Jenkins, who arrived Monday for a two-day visit, said the aid could be given within a general community transport scheme which would include Austria.

Iraq, Australia to sign accord

BAGHDAD, Oct. 3 (R) — Iraq's Trade Minister Hassan Ali will visit Australia shortly to sign a trade, economic and technical cooperation agreement, the Australian consulate general said Wednesday.

The agreement's draft was approved during a four-day visit to Baghdad by the Australian special trade representative Minister Vic Garland.

Garland, who also visited the Baghdad International Fair, said there were prospects for increased Australian trade with Iraq which was now worth about \$100 million.

Garland, who flew home Tuesday night, said 38 Australian firms were participating in the fair.

New bid fails to cap Mexican well

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 3 (AP) — Mexican oil workers are reported to have abandoned yet another attempt to dominate the four-month-old runaway offshore well in the Gulf of Mexico.

An oil company executive disclosed that a 125-ton steel cone, with which workers were attempting to cap the gusher, cracked under water and had to be returned to its U.S. manufacturer.

The inverted cone, which was lowered over Rogue Well Intec 1 last week in an attempt, was returned to its manufacturer, Brown and Root, of Texas, for repair, an executive of Pemex, the state oil company, told the Associated Press.

SAUDI ARABIAN GOVERNMENT TENDERS

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Directorate of Education, Hail	Building of ordinary schools (fourth instalment)	8-99/1400	100	Oct. 20
" " "	Building of ordinary schools (fifth instalment)	9-99/1400	100	Oct. 23
" " "	Building of ordinary schools (sixth instalment)	10-99/1400	100	Nov. 10
" " "	Building of ordinary school (seventh instalment)	11-99/1400	100	Nov. 17
" " "	Building of ordinary schools (eighth instalment)	12-99/1400	100	Nov. 20
Directorate General of Education, Eastern Province	Building of an ordinary school in Ahsa region	12	100	Oct. 20
Ministry of the Interior, Directorate General of Al-Mujahidin	Setting of prefab houses for the Tapline guards	18		Oct. 7

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2 buses, Fiat, 306, 75 model, airconditioned,
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7 buses, Chevrolet 8 doors, 77 model, automatic,
airconditioned, 350 Hp, 8 cylinder, 18 seats.

1 Bus, Toyota Coaster, 76 model, airconditioned,
113 HP, 4 cylinders, 21 seats.

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Near the Cooperative Housing Scheme
Telephone 70053, between 7 a.m. and 10 p.m.

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Cons. Pharms	2.28	2.37
D.B.S.	5.40	5.35
F.N.B.	6.00	6.00
Haw Par Bros.	1.62	1.62
Inchcape	2.30	2.16
Indo-Thai	(NT)	(NT)
Jardine Matheson	(NT)	(NT)
Kampan	(NT)	5.20
K.L. Kepong	3.48	3.46
Malayan Trading	7.70	7.80
Malaysia Tobacco	4.22	(NT)
Malayan Iron	6.10	6.10
Merch. Co.	7.45	7.45
O.C.B.C.	7.45	7.35
Rothmans	4.72	4.70
Siam Cement	4.70	4.70
Sinc Darby Midge	3.44	3.42
Singapore Land	2.83	2.80
Straits Traders	7.55	7.50
Straits Oil	(NT)	(NT)
Tenango	(NT)	(NT)
Tractors Malaysia	6.45	6.45
U.B.	9.50	(NT)
U.O.B.	3.62	3.60
William Jacks Co.	(NT)	1.62

	توكيو .	
	Closing Oct-1	Closing Sept-28
Per Cent Yen		
Asahi Elec.-Chem.	218	212
Asahi of Tokyo	157	164
Banry Pharms	627	630
Canon Camera	600	610
Daikin	594	545
Daiwa Inds	303	310
Fuji Photo Film	663	649
Fujitsu	603	483
Hitachi	274	280
Huqai	241	250
Ishida	494	450
Kajima	296	292
Kansai El. Power	885	885
Kawasaki Steel	321	320
Kobe	129	126
Kubota	344	340
Manushita Elec.	725	713
Mitsubishi Chemical	166	168
Mitsubishi Electric	307	209
Mitsubishi Hyv Ind.	101	185
Mitsubishi Motors	28	410
Mitsumi Electric	602	611
Nippon Electric	400	398
Nippon Steel	1620	1520
Nippon Steel	118	110
Nissan Motor	680	695
Planner	2090	2090
Ricoh	657	659
Sharp	521	530
Sanyo	1168	1170
Sanyo	1870	1728
Sunlight Chem.	128	132
Takeda	625	632
Tokai	132	134

Toray Indus.	185	187
Toray Paper	182	187
Tota	492	504
Tosco	493	508
Toyota	905	920

SYDNEY		اسواق سيدني	
	Closing Sept. 27	Closing Sept. 28	
	Price/Aus. Dollars		
ACI	3.06	2.10	
AGC	1.49	1.42	
Allianz	7.40	(NT)	
Amstell	2.36	2.31	
Asipol	1.06	1.00	
Ampang	1.05	(NT)	
ANI	1.95	2.00	
Alstent	1.06	1.65	
ABC Bank	4.05	4.96	
Associated Min.	2.20	2.20	
Assoc. Securities ..	(NT)	(NT)	
Bank of NSW	3.16	3.16	
BH South	3.20	3.20	
BHP	0.92	0.90	
Bongaville	1.06	2.53	
Bundaberg	5.30	5.30	
Carlton United	1.86	1.87	
Cargill Wm.	1.74	1.74	
CBA	2.70	2.75	

Central Nickel	2,65	2,06
Cerro Verde	3,00	3,00
Comstock Gold	4,65	4,06
Colt	3,35	3,00
CSR	4,47	4,62
Cordoba	1,03	1,00
Copper King	1,35	0,96
EGM	2,95	2,98
East Industries	5,00	5,59
Empire	1,35	1,33
Grange Brown	1,95	1,93
Hammersley	3,31	3,50
Hindalco	1,97	1,35
Isleberg	0,70	0,89
Kathleen	6,00	6,00
Lion Lumber	1,97	2,72
Magnet	1,97	1,97
Marula Bros.	0,87	6,84
Meals Etc.	6,85	0,96
Minerals	1,57	4,00
Mill Lyall	1,25	1,25
Myer	1,59	1,59
Oldfield	2,65	2,68
Nichols	1,10	1,18
Nth. BH	2,45	2,51
Obit	2,87	2,10
Oil Service	1,10	0,29
Panconquest	14,50	14,00
Peter Walbridge	6,10	7,40
Phillips	2,20	6,10
Placer Concrete	1,73	1,72
Quemadum Mines	5,56	5,46
Randall	1,50	1,40
Recco	1,27	1,27
Robe	1,10	1,12
Robinson	4,90	4,90
Sahmsrud	3,35	3,30
T.L.C. Steels	6,84	0,85
Thompson	0,80	0,59
Southland	0,30	0,29

	Chasing Sept. 25	Clinging Oct. 1
Thelma	4.90	4.92
TNT	1.80	1.85
Tuesday	1.65	1.65
U.S. Gals	1.25	1.35
Utah	4.05	4.05
Watson	0.78	0.80
Wendy	1.25	1.40
Westfield	(INT)	(INT)
WHAC	3.38	3.40
Wichita	1.45	1.47
Woodworth	1.46	1.40

	Chasing Sept. 25	Clinging Oct. 1
Admiral	1.90	1.315
BOV (Beaver)	1.975	1.979
Charles	2.60	2.615
Cuba Gals (Non-voting)	1028	1025
Chester	658	645
Croft	2210	2216
Flacher (George)	755	765
Jekmal (Fr. 100)	1548	1550
Laudle Guy (Reg)	2460	1465
Leah	3516	3530
Sandoz	4425	4410
Suhner (Reg)	2835	2850
Swiss (Beaver)	880	872
Tele. Reg. Corp.	112	411
Elect. Reg. (Beaver)	5900	5900
Union Bank	3418	3440
Winthier Acc (Beaver)	2540	2545
		1570

BASLE	
Pirelli	382.00
Roche Baby	7525
Roche Div. Cert.	75000

NOTES
STOCKS

(NT) = Not Traded, SUSP = Suspended.
UNAV = Unavailable, ex = Ex alt.
xx = Ex scrip issue, xd = Ex dividend.

BONDS

Selection of Eurodollar updated when available from source.
Kuwaiti Bond Market and recent Kuwaiti Dinar Bond Issues updated when available from source.

EXCHANGE RATES		أسعار العملات الدولية	
US \$	1.00	GDP	1.00

U.S. \$

دينار

SDK

Exchange Rates for the IMF's SDR

Interbank Spot Middle Dollar

Exchange Rates at London as quoted

by Bank of America IFC London

	Sept. 28	Oct. 1
Britain	2,193	2,192
Switzerland	1,597	1,585
France	882.65	883.25
Italy	4,187	4,082
Germany	1,7452	1,7379
Netherlands	1,9352	1,9385
Belgium	4,187	4,082
Denmark	29.23	29.220
Spain	5,1007	5,0797
Sweden	4,188	4,199
Norway	1,9352	1,9385
Portugal	224.59	225.20
Japan	12,579	12,535
Australia	1,1287	1,1265
South Africa	66.045	66.030

	Sept. 27	Sept. 28
U.S. Dollar	1.1687	1.21775
Australian Dollar	1.16732	1.16536
Antarctic Schilling	16.5449	16.5239
Belgian Franc	37.1090	37.1498
Canadian Dollar	1.53506	1.53506
Deutsche Mark	2.29832	2.29610
French Franc	3.95328	3.95453
Italian Lira	27.9929	27.9929
Japanese Yen	1897.76	1895.84
Swedish Krona	283.262	284.254
Swiss Franc	2.46887	2.46887
Spanish Peseta	6.99025	6.99361
U.S. Dollar	1.1687	1.21775
U.S. Dollar	1.1687	1.21775
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U.S. Dollar	1.1687	1.21775
U.S. Dollar		

Closing Spot Sterling Rates at London	
October 1	
USA	2.1898-2.1908
Canada	2.5400-2.5420

THE ECU **الايكو**

Exchange Rates for the ECU	
Official Brussels Fixing	
	October 1
Belgium/Lux	48.2181
Denmark	2.46036
France	2.70631
Germany	6.56366
Greece	2.77993
Italy	5.84646
Netherlands	11.33603
Portugal	0.662037
Spain	1.66639
UK	1.49370
Yugoslavia	2.70631

DM	المارك		
Swedish Krona	5.89746	
Norwegian Krone	6.97304	
Canadian Dollar	1.662400	
Portuguese Escudo	70.1825	
Austrian Schilling	17.9121	

	Sept. 28	Oct. 1		
USA.....	1.7425	1.7365	Finnish Markka	372.102
Britain.....	3.8310	3.8190	Japanese Yen.....	Unavailable
Ireland.....	3.7240	3.7178	Greek Drachma.....	Unavailable
Canada.....	1.5915	1.4973		
Netherlands.....	112.000	112.120		
Switzerland.....	112.200	112.250		
Belgium.....	4.587	4.190		
France.....	42.510	42.580		
Germany.....	34.720	34.150		
Norway.....	35.780	35.780		
Sweden.....	42.300	42.150		
Italy.....	2.775	2.775		
Austria.....	13.883	13.885		
Spain.....	2.642	2.636		
Portugal.....	6.556	6.556		

	Oct. 1	Sept. 28
London.....	415.25	397.50
Paris.....	416.82	401.55
Frankfurt.....	407.63	398.53
Zurich.....	414.50	396.50

Finland 46.78 46.82 ● Record High

COMMODITIES **أصناف السلع والمعادن**

London Metal Exchange Closing Prices			London Closing Commodity Prices		
Pounds Sterling per metric ton (except silver)			Dollars per ton		
ALUMINUM			Sept. 27		
			Closing	Oct. 1	
			per ton		
Sept. 26	Oct. 1		September	1458-1453	1540-1547
Closing	Closing		December	1518-1515	1543-1541
			January	1527-1526	1585-1581
Spot	782.787	815-835	March	1520-1547	1606-1600
Three months	758-760	775-776	May	1570-1559	1643-1600
Sales	1,200 tons	3,300 tons	July	1600-1589	1660-1625
			September	1600-1589	1660-1625
			December	1629-1600	1700-1640
Market heavily steady					

COPPER		ROBUSTA COPPER	
£ per tonne		£ per tonne	
Wirebars		November	
Cath.	1090-1091 1065-1066	1870-1869	1872-1870

Sales—three months	10934-1076	1097-1078
Three months	12,000 tons	8,800 tons
Market steady at lower level		
Catfishes	1063-1054	1053-1034
Three months	1072-1074	1045-1046
Sales	500 tons	700 tons
Market steady at lower level		

January	1887-1886	1886-1884
February	1874-1873	1874-1873
May	1830-1835	1857-1854
July	1810-1806	1846-1845
September	1819-1825	1829-1828
March	—	1837-1826
Total: 4,174	Yone: Steady	

RUBBER	مطاط	
	Pence per Kilo	
November	63.50-62.00	62.00-62.30
December	63.70-65.00	62.75-63.20
January-March	67.30-67.55	67.00-67.40
April-June	69.00-70.00	68.45-69.00
July-September	69.30-70.00	69.05-70.00
Oct.-December	75.85-75.20	74.75-74.80
January-March	76.90-76.00	76.00-76.50
April-June	77.70-77.15	77.30-77.35
July-September	78.10-78.00	78.00-78.05
Oct.-December	82.70-82.85	82.70-82.85

	£ per tonne		
Spot	2750-2770	2770-2790	<div> <div>RAW SUGAR</div> <div>سكر خام</div> </div>
Three months	2790-2810	2800-2810	
Sales	36 tons	552 tons	
	Sugar Fed.		

Market steady

Common Cons.

\$ per long ton

SILVER

فضة

		Prices per dry cwt	
Spot		730-724	763-769
Three months		738-752	885-810
Nukes		19 Warrants	43 Warrants

December	127.95-127.70	134.25-134.00
March	132.50-132.15	139.50-139.45
May	135.25-134.90	142.90-142.80
August	139.55-139.50	146.00-145.80
October	143.30-143.25	149.30-145.25

Total: 4,964 Market tone: Strong

Market quiet

TIN

ثانك

		\$ per tonne	
Standard		7280-7290	7420-7430
Three months		7410-7150	7210-7220
Sales		369 tons	365 tons

		(Grubby Wool)	
October	235-210	233-218	
December	236-218	233-216	
March	236-210	236-228	
July	236-216	236-228	
September	236-210	236-228	

High Grade	7380-7390	7430-7430	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> COTTON </div>
Cash	7140-7160	7220-7240	
Three months			
Sales	Nil loss	Nil loss	

Market idle

Liverpool cotton shipment offered prices in U.S. cents per pound (previous levels in brackets) as

[illegible]

U.K.	156.6	157.3	UP 3.8
Japan	248.0	246.1	UP 3.2
Canada (2)	166.2	166.9	UP 3.2
Germany	90.1	90.3	DN 0.1
France	123.9	123.2	UP 10.9

ROTTERDAM WHEAT & SOYBEAN MEAL

Prices CIF: 1st US No. 2 Northern and/or Northern Dark Spring

	96.5	89.6	UP 6.5
Australia	96.5	89.6	UP 6.5
Spain	94.7	53.0	DN 41.7
Switzerland	96.9	96.9	UP 0.0
Netherlands	89.8	89.8	UP 1.1
Italy	61.6	61.1	UP 0.5
Sweden	114.0	113.7	UP 0.3
Belgium	94.3	96.5	DN 1.5
Norway	209.7	208.5	UP 1.5
Denmark	129.3	129.5	DN 0.4
Austria	123.8	123.6	DN 1.6

	218.00	211.80
September	218.00	211.80
October	218.00	211.80
November	218.00	211.80
December	218.00	211.80
January	218.00	211.80

	237.00	238.00
Spot	237.00	238.00
September	241.00	242.00
October	245.75	245.75
November-March	252.00	253.00

(1) NYSE (2) TSE
Index converted to 1 Jan 1970 Base
Base: 1 Jan 1970 equals 100

B.C.

SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



"I UNDERSTAND THIS IS YOUR FIRST SQUARE MEAL SINCE YOU GOT MARRIED."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword
by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS

- Gambol
- French river
- Sober
- Sea duck
- Bewitch
- French season
- "The auld sod"
- Enlisted
- Try hard (to)
- Military address
- Give
- shelter
- Sacred law
- Ending for lemon
- For Gilbert
- Popular stage musical
- Rumanian city
- Workshop item
- "Wizard of Oz" money
- Sign of the Ram
- Pastimes
- Mechanisms
- Age
- DOWN
- Prerequisite
- Touch on
- Meat spread

ACROSS

- Greek letter
- See visitors
- Small fitch
- River into the Ohio
- Poem
- New, in combinations
- Marine bird
- Compulsion
- Little lady
- Charles - Gibson
- Two prepositional phrases in one
- Lakelet
- Chase
- fly balls
- Regretted
- Deceitful
- predecessor
- Every bit
- Anagram of deer
- Old World
- Wraith
- Spy initials
- Importune
- Asian river

Yesterday's Answer

Word with watch or light problem?

37 Joker

38 Wrath

39 Spy initials

40 Asian river

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it:

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

VRSDS'T QVREGY GQOUS KG
OSKGY TPBBDKQD VQ TQZSQGS.
VDPS GQOKUKVC KT KG OSKGY
TPBBDKQD VQ CQPD NQDZSD



"I UNDERSTAND THIS IS YOUR FIRST SQUARE MEAL SINCE YOU GOT MARRIED."

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Contract: B. Jay Becker

A. Recurring Nightmare

North dealer.
North-South vulnerable
NORTH
♠ A Q 3 2
♥ 7
♦ A Q 3 2
♣ A Q J 10 9

WEST
♠ 10 8 7
♥ 2
♦ J 8 7 5
♣ 8 7 6 5

EAST
♠ J 6 5 4
♥ A Q J 9 8 7
♦ 10 9 8 7
♣ A 2

The bidding:
North East South West
1 ♠ Pass 4 NT Pass
5 ♣ Pass 7 ♠

Opening lead - ten of spades.

Dear Mr. Becker: I suffer from nightmares - bridge nightmares; that is - and my sleep has recently been disturbed by a recurring dream that simply won't go away. I have seen several psychiatrists about this, but they must be poor bridge players - indeed, since they haven't helped me at all. When I first shared this hand many years ago, I made the grand slam despite East's holding of four trumps to the jack! You may wonder how I accomplished the feat, since East appears to have a sure trump trick. However, I can assure you that on that occasion, and on a hundred other occasions since then, I did make the contract (all in my dreams, of course). West's variable opening lead was the ten of spades. Anticipating a possible trump coup if East held four hearts to the jack, I won the spade in dummy with the ace, and ruffed the deuce. After cashing the A-K of trumps and learning of the 4-4 division, I played a low diamond to the queen, ruffed another spade, led the king of diamonds to the ace, and ruffed the queen of spades. Continuing the trumpy-reducing process, I played the king of clubs to the ace and ruffed a diamond. After I led a club dummy at trick eleven, East's 4-4 of trumps finally succumbed to my ♣10, and I made the grand slam.

You may wonder why I find this virtuosic performance so disturbing, but the fact is that for the past two years the East-West cards have somehow gotten jumbled and the West hand now consists of ♠10 ♥7 ♦A ♣J 8 7 6 5. As a direct result of this dastardly transformation, I always go down one when West overruns me at trick two, and the next thing I know I wake up screaming! Very truly yours, N. Sommer.

PRAYER TIMES

Thursday	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:00	6:18	12:17	3:39	6:10	7:40
Medina	5:02	6:16	12:19	3:42	6:10	7:40
Nejd	4:50	6:04	11:47	3:09	5:39	7:09

DHAHRAN TV

4:30 Children's Show	Electric Company 488
5:06 Gr. Sports Legends	Otto Graham
5:29 Operation Petticoat	Pilot
6:57 Supertrain	And a cup of Kindness
7:45 Havoc	Bridge Collapses
8:20 Theater of Stars	The Highest Fall of All
9:07 Man in a Suitcase	The Girl Who Never was

VOA

P.M.

8:00 News Roundup	News Summary
8:00 Reports: Actualities	10:30 VOC Magazine: America; Science; Cultural; Letter
8:30 Opinion: Analyses	11:00 Special English: News
8:30 Dateline	11:30 Music USA: (Jazz)
9:00 News Summary	VOA WORLD REPORT
9:00 Special English: News; Feature. The Making of a Nation	Midnight
9:30 News Summary	12:00 News newsmakers' voices correspondents reports background features media comments news analyses.
9:30 Music USA: (Standards)	
10:00 News Roundup	
10:00 Reports: Actualities	
10:05 Opening: Analyses	

SAUDI RADIO

(English Service)

On FM at 96 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.855 Mhz in 25 meter band

THURSDAY

Afternoon Transmission

1:00 Opening	9:00 Opening
1:01 Holy Quran	9:01 Holy Quran
1:05 Gems of Guidance	9:05 Message to the Faithful
1:10 This Week's Landmark	9:10 Light Music
1:20 Top of the Pops	9:15 Music Worldwide
1:50 Classical Music	9:45 Eve and Her World
2:20 On Islam	9:55 Music
2:30 Jazz Music	10:00 Youth Welfare
3:00 NEWS	10:10 Music
3:10 Press Review	10:15 NEWS
3:15 Music	10:25 S. Chronicle
3:20 Islam The Divine Truth	10:30 The Evening Show
3:30 Selection of Music	11:00 Imp., Com. & Recollections
3:50 Close Down	11:10 Music
	11:15 Nashville
	11:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
	12:00 Close Down

Morning Transmission

8:00 Ouverture	9:59 Cloture
8:02 Lumiere sur le Coran	Evening Transmission
8:15 Musique	7:00 Ouverture
8:30 Bonjour	7:02 Versets et Commentaires
8:35 Varietes	7:15 Musique
8:45 Occident et Orient	7:30 L'arabe pur la radio
8:50 Varietes	7:45 Musique entre amis
9:00 Informations	8:15 Jeunesse et Sport
9:10 Lumiere sur les Informations	8:20 Varietes
9:15 Varietes	8:30 Informations
9:30 Flambeau de l'Islam	8:40 Revue de presse
9:45 Musique	8:45 Musique
	8:55 Cloture

BBC

Morning Transmission

8.00 World News	4.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
8.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary	4.30 The Pleasure's Yours
8.30 Sarah Ward	5.15 Report on Religion
8.45 World Today	6.00 Radio Newsreel
9.00 Newsdesk	6.15 Outlook
9.30 Opera Star	
10.00 World News	7.00 World News
10.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary	7.09 Commentary
10.30 Sarah Ward	7.15 Sherlock Holmes
10.45 Something to Show You	7.45 World Today
11.00 World News	
11.09 Reflections	8.00 World News
11.15 Piano Style	8.09 Books and Writers
11.30 Brain of Britain 1978	8.30 Take One
	8.45 Sports Round-up
12.00 World News	9.00 World News
12.09 British Press Review	9.09 News about Britain
12.15 World Today	9.15 Radio Newsreel
12.30 Financial News	9.30 Farming World
12.40 Look Ahead	10.00 Outlook News Summary
12.45 The Tony Myatt	10.39 Stock Market Report
	10.43 Look Ahead
	10.45 Ulster in Focus
Evening Transmission	
1.15 Ulster in Focus	11.00 World News
1.30 Discovery	11.09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
2.00 World News	12.15 Talkabout
2.09 News about Britain	12.45 Nature Notebook
2.15 Alphabet of Musical Curios	
2.30 Sports International	1.00 World News
2.40 Radio Newsreel	1.09 World Today
3.15 Promenade Concert	1.25 Financial News
3.45 Sports Round-up	1.35 Book Choice
4.00 World News	1.40 Reflections
	1.45 Sports Round-up
	2.00 World News
	2.09 Commentary
	2.15 The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope

— Frances Drake —
FOR THURSDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1978

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES
(Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ♈
Worrying won't solve anything. Don't second-guess others. Learn to take people as they are. Avoid over-indulgence in the p.m.
TALISMAN
(Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉
Pay attention at work. You're in the mood for social life and could be seeing small job-related details. Watch inebriated behavior.
GOAT
(May 21 to June 20) ♊
You're in the mood for social life and could be seeing small job-related details. Watch inebriated behavior.
Taking the time to dinner won't add to status. Social functions may not measure up to expectations. Watch careless speech.
CANCER
(June 21 to July 22) ♋
You're in the mood for social life and could be seeing small job-related details. Watch inebriated behavior.
Places while party falls are crying for attention. Give family their due. Don't overstep.
LEO
(July 23 to Aug. 22) ♌
Talk about a big reward incentive if you take into account the fact that the fact.
PISCES
(Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) ♊
Personal appearance elicits a factor in love. A loved one may be in extravagant mood. No credit card spending.

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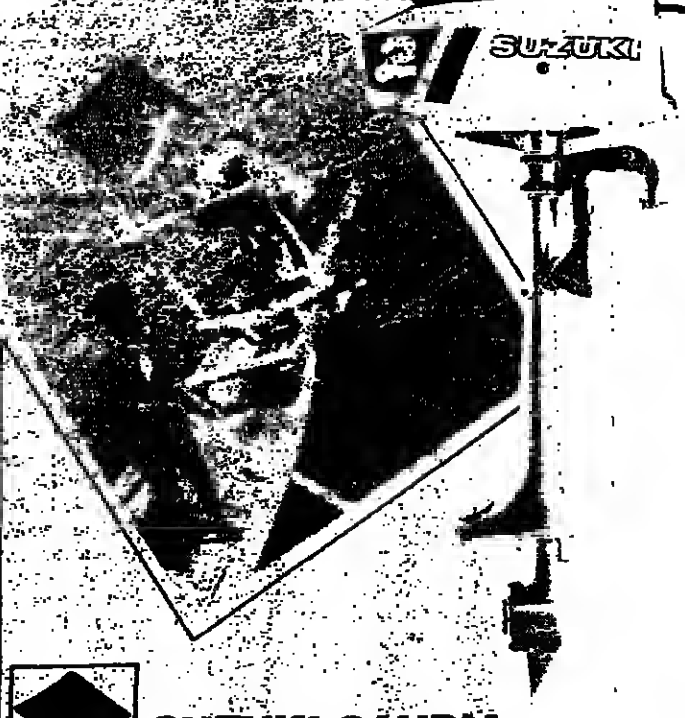
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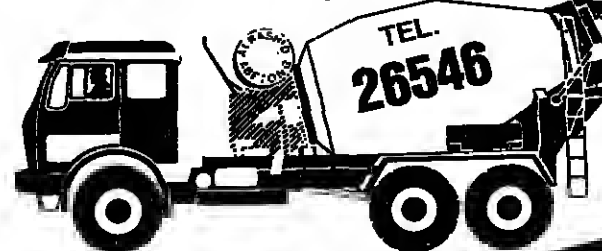
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On The Loose

By Michael J. Hall

This week a collection of whimsy, humor, the absurd, and the just plain bizarre. But first, a word from our sponsor....

Actually, it's a short reminder from me, to hype our determined effort to find who has the best (and the worst) telephone manners in Saudi Arabia. Suggestions, anyone?

One story that crossed my desk this week came from the 'worker's paradise' of the Peoples Republic of China, where one worker got less than he bargained for when he and his wife split up.

The country runs on a ration card system, and in order to buy the necessities of life—food, for instance—one first has to present the right card to the authorities.

But pity the poor man who discovered after his divorce that he'd lost not only his wife, but that she'd taken the family ration cards with her.

At last report he'd put up a poster on Peking's "Democracy Wall" saying that after 18 months of trying to get the bureaucrats to take him seriously, he was giving up and asking folks to send him their extra cards.

No word yet on the results, but if bureaucrats in China act anything like they do in much of the rest of the world, his publicity campaign is going to get him fed long before the officials find him new ration cards of his own.

From France comes word that six intrepid miners (actually, I don't know if intrepid is quite the word I'm looking for) had themselves voluntarily walled in deep underground cave earlier this month and spent four days entombed there.

The idea, according to the Lorraine Coal Authority, was to test the miners' reactions to being trapped and to see if the authority's rescue equipment actually worked.

I'm relieved to report that it did, and that the miners emerged unscathed. But I'm not certain I'd have volunteered for the job. Like I said, I'm not sure if intrepid is quite the right word.

Earthshaking Events We Could Do With - out Department.

In Limerick, Northern Ireland, an Austrian farmer named Robert Weiser was declared the world's champion plowman, having been chosen from among 72 contestants.

It's not quite clear from the reports I received how one goes about winning a world's plowing championship—presumably something to do with making sure the furrows are straight. But congratulations to Mr. Weiser, anyway.

Meanwhile, in Columbia, Missouri, animal breeding expert Harold Bieller says a chicken he owns now holds the world's record for laying eggs.

The chicken, known in newspaper only as "WB 2988", managed the feat of laying 371 eggs in a year, where the average hen lays only about 270 eggs each 365 days. Bieller explained that the idea is to provide a new type of chicken that will make egg ranching more popular.

But now that the record has been set, Bieller figures good old WB2988 is in line for a good long vacation. And if he comes up with any more like her, we're all in line to begin eating a lot more omelets.

Jeddah scene. An item in the Arabic press which caught my eye this week reported on a Saudi businessman's frustration at trying to make telephone calls to a hotel where he often lodged out-of-town associates.

The phone would ring and ring, he said, and then abruptly the line would go dead. Never once did he get through, and he said an on-the-spot inspection revealed the answer. The hotel's operators hadn't figured out how to answer their sophisticated new switchboard.

"I'm tempted to write the company and suggest that they include the excellence of the telephone service in their advertising brochures," he grouched.

If you were looking for a touch of class (or snobbery) to add to your home or apartment furnishings, I'm told Bonn was the place to be last week.

Up for grabs at an auction were a bed Britain's Queen Elizabeth once slept in (minimum bid \$1,400), or, if you chose, a royal wastebasket for a mere \$11.

The bed, also slept in by French President Charles De Gaulle, the Shah of Iran and Soviet Leader Leonid Brezhnev, was among 10,000 surplus items being sold from the Petersburg Hotel on the Rhine River, which the German government is turning into a guest house.

There was only one problem, and even the auctioneers admitted it. The Royal Suite at the hotel was said to be furnished in abominable taste, and the bed was reported to have been most uncomfortable.

'Rich should share' Pope asks end to war in major U.N. speech

NEW YORK, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — Pope John Paul II traveled from the United Nations to New York's ghettos on Tuesday, urging the world's nations to forge peace and Americans to reaffirm their "reputation for generosity."

At the United Nations, he called for "an energetic effort to do away with the very possibility of provoking war." And in a speech at Yankee Stadium, he called for a "simple way of life."

"It is not right that the standard of living of the rich countries should seek to maintain itself by draining off a great part of the reserves of energy and raw materials that are meant to serve the whole of humanity," he told the 70,000 people in the stadium.

"In a special way my heart is with the poor, with those who suffer, with those who are alone in the midst of this teeming metropolis," the pontiff said earlier at another stop.

Hundreds of thousands of people waved banners, cheered and sang as the Pope made his way through the streets of the United States' largest city, often standing in his limousine, waving.

The Pope's day was long—more than 16 hours by the time he finished—and weariness showed in his face as he headed for the residence where he was spending the night.

Carter Cuba moves draw fire, praise

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (Agencies) — President Jimmy Carter's efforts to ease Senate anxiety over Soviet troops in Cuba have prompted Soviet accusations of "gunboat diplomacy" and renewed charges of leadership weakness at home.

The Soviet news agency Tass described Carter's Caribbean moves as gunboat diplomacy and in Havana a Cuban official called his speech on Monday night insolent and said it smacked of sabre-rattling.

Some U.S. critics said Carter had still not fulfilled his promise to change the status quo over the troops issue, although administration officials said he clearly had by moves including dispatching a force of marines to the U.S. base at Guantanamo, Cuba.

Senate Republican leader Howard H. Baker called the president's response inadequate and said, "I don't think SALT II will pass this chamber" until the presence of a Brigade of 2,600 Soviet combat troops in Cuba is resolved.

"We stood toe to toe with the Russians and unlike the Cuban missile crisis in 1962, we blinked," Baker said.

But Senate Democratic Leader Robert C. Byrd said Carter has begun the process of disentangling a treaty aimed at managing the nuclear arms race between the world's two superpowers and what he said is a far less important matter of a few Soviet soldiers in Cuba.

"There is reason for concern (over the Soviet troops) but not for confrontation," Byrd said. "It should not overshadow the SALT II treaty."

British hard at work on new Rhodesia plan

LONDON, Oct. 3 (R) — With the Rhodesian peace talks deadlocked and delegates' tempers becoming frayed, Britain Wednesday was working hard on a fresh draft constitution to present to the warring parties in the hope of getting the conference moving.

Sources close to the British delegation, which is chairing the talks involving the Salisbury government and rival Patriotic Front guerrillas, said Britain hoped to present its constitution for a black-ruled Zimbabwe late in the day.

The bi-racial Salisbury coalition of Premier Abel Muzorewa was expected to agree to the British scheme but the Front, led by Joshua Nkomo and Robert Mugabe, appeared far from accord.

Informed British sources would not hazard a guess as to the future of the four-week-old talks if one of the combatants agreed to a new constitution—stage one of the conference—and the other rejected it.

But the sources said Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington, the conference chairman, had a secret fall-back position. After an abortive all-parties session Tuesday the Patriotic Front and Muzorewa delegations showed signs of impatience and frustration.

The front accused the Muzorewa team of making secret deals with the British and siding with the colonial power to the detriment of Zimbabwe Rhodesia's 6.8 million blacks. The Salisbury team angrily replied that was an insult. The guerrillas also accused the British of mishandling the conference.

"Delegations are naturally becoming a bit jumpy as the time for decision is approaching," said one source attending the square-table talks. "The conference is reaching a clear stage in which decisions will be called for from all sides."

The Patriotic Front, unable to agree with Britain on constitutional proposals mainly involving pensions, citizenship and land rights for whites, wants the talks to put these politically and emotionally-charged issues aside and move to stage two—the transitional period leading to legal independence.

But Britain, supported broadly by the Salisbury delegation, is insisting that agreement on a constitution must be reached, at least in principle, before stage two is tackled.

The Pope's day was touched by the United States' violent side, too. Acting after the FBI received a letter saying the Pope's life was in danger, police raided a house in nearby Elizabeth, New Jersey, and found a sub-machine gun and ammunition. They issued an alert for a man authorities said might be connected with Puerto Rican extremists.

Wednesday promised to be almost as trying for the Pope. He was to speak at Madison Square Garden and at Battery Park in Lower Manhattan, then go on to Philadelphia.

At the U.N., he made a strong plea to the world's governments to respect human rights and end all oppression.

Addressing the General Assembly in English, he said all forms of oppression, physical and moral, must cease. He appealed for effective human rights in every nation "under any political regime or system."

The global issues he singled out for particular attention included the arms race and the Middle East (see related story, Page One).

He said peace could never come to the Middle East without a just settlement of the Palestinian question, and he declared that the continuing arms race "showed a desire to be ready for war, and being ready means being able to start it."

The Pope had arrived in New York from Boston to a friendly welcome that shone through massive security said to be the biggest such operation in the city's history.

Helicopters buzzed overhead and Polish-costumed children waved the red and white Polish flag as the pontiff stepped from his chapered aircraft, which has been christened *Shepherd One* for the period he will use it.

The Pope, who addressed the United Nations almost 14 years to the day since the famous call by Pope Paul VI for "no more war," set the theme for his address by recalling his visit to Auschwitz, in Southern



BEFORE WORLD BODY: Pope John Paul II during his address to the United Nations Tuesday. The pope called for an end to war, and for rich nations to share their wealth with the poor.

Poland last June.

"The memory of even one (Auschwitz) should be a warning sign on the path of humanity to take, in order that every kind of concentration camp anywhere on earth may for once and for all be done away with," he said, in slow measured tones.

The Pope called for an end to torture and said this phenomenon was "all the more distressing if it occurred under the pretext of internal security or the need to preserve an apparent peace."

His ruling National Party was expected to have its majorities slashed in the four Transvaal constituencies from both left and right as voters react to Botha's recent liberalizing policy shifts.

In the last few weeks his government has granted full trade union rights to all black workers and has considered giving more land to the black tribal homelands.

Botha has also said he would be willing to consider changes in the mixed marriage act which prohibit marriage between different races—laws regarded as pillars of the country's apartheid (race segregation) system.

In three constituencies—Rustenburg, Germiston and Prinsloo—the extreme right-wing Herstigte Nasionale Party (HNP) hoped to make large gains with mainly working-class voters dissatisfied at the way the National Party has been heading under Botha.

The HNP has not won a single parliamentary seat in the 10 years since it split from the National Party, but firebrand HNP leader Jaap Marais told the *Rand Daily Mail* his party might win in Rustenburg.

In the fourth Transvaal constituency, Brentwood, the liberal Progressive Federal Party was confident of cutting the 7,415 National Party majority gained in 1977.

His appointment to the newly created Northern Ireland post was announced by Northern Ireland Secretary Humphrey Atkins. He takes up his new duties on Monday.

The bespectacled, podgy-faced, 63-year-old bachelor is reputed to have served as a model for the fictional spy chief George Smiley in the best-selling novels of author John Le Carré. He was first recruited into the secret service in World War II.

He is leaving the secluded calm of an academic post at All Souls' College at Oxford University to take up the post. He will be based in war-torn Belfast and is bound to be a major target for the IRA.

ROADSIDE WRECK: Police point to the wreckage of a British armored car which was fired on by IRA guerrillas near Belfast Monday.

British spy to lead attack on IRA

BELFAST, Oct. 3 (AP) — Britain has recalled one of its leading spymasters, Sir Maurice Oldfield, from the cold to plot its battle against the Irish Republican Army and other terrorists in Northern Ireland.

By coincidence, announcement of Oldfield's appointment Tuesday came within hours after the Provisional Wing of the IRA had rejected an appeal by Pope John Paul II for an end to the use of terror as a tactic in its fight to free the north from British rule.

Oldfield was director-general of Britain's Secret Intelligence Service, or MI6 to give it its code name, for some 12 years until his retirement last year.

Botha's party faces key test in by-election

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 3 (R) — Prime Minister Pieter Botha's "adapt or die" policy changes Wednesday were to come up for scrutiny by white South African voters in four parliamentary by-elections.

His ruling National Party was expected to have its majorities slashed in the four Transvaal constituencies from both left and right as voters react to Botha's recent liberalizing policy shifts.

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In the fourth Transvaal constituency, Brentwood, the liberal Progressive Federal Party was confident of cutting the 7,415 National Party majority gained in 1977.

Good Morning

By Jihad Khazen

Professor Jack Shaheen teaches journalism at the University of South Illinois. He is of Lebanese origin; his wife is Palestinian. His background and profession equip him uniquely as an observer of the Arab image in the American media. In his lecture on this theme to the International Press Seminar in London, he gave some griety examples from American television. Some of the series mentioned are quite popular in the Arab world. But, for obvious reasons, Arab audiences are unlikely to have been regaled with such gems.

In the series *Vegas*, an episode involves a "Sheikh", who is constantly surrounded by particularly villainous looking bodyguards. At one point the hero of the series—that charmer Tony Curtis—threatens the poor Sheikh with the words: "If the last war took six days, this battle will not take more than a few hours."

In a more recent series, inter-Arab intrigue provides the main action (those "Sheikhs" at it again). The police lieutenant dealing with the situation remarks to the Sheikh, (the intrepid fuzz is being threatened by a—wait for it—emirich with a drawn sword—). "Tell fatty to drop the tooth-pick. This is Beverly Hills not the desert." (Or words very much to this effect—I write from quick notes).

In yet another program, the hero, learning that someone is trying anonymously to buy an expensive piece of land asks: "Is he an Arab?" The answer, as it turns out, is yes. The usual story of Arabs trying to buy up America.

The two popular series, *Policewoman* and *McCloud*, also have episodes not for export in the Arab market. One story concerns the affairs of two fictitious Arab countries, where women are abducted and enslaved, and end up either dead or "braided for life."

These are only samples. And, I am afraid they are not really the best that American television has to offer when it comes to the Arabs.

Translated from Ashraf Al-Awsat

U.S. discovers secret A-plans in the library

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3 (AP) — A U.S. Energy Department official acknowledged Tuesday that at least eight "highly sensitive" documents on thermonuclear weapons were mistakenly available on public shelves at a government library since 1971.

Moreover, said Assistant Secretary Dame Sewell, a hurried review of 2,000 declassified reports related to nuclear weaponry showed that 99 "no longer exist. We have canvassed the entire (Department of Energy) complex... we believe that they have been destroyed."

A U.S. Senator criticized the Energy Department for the error, adding that hundreds of foreigners visited the library while the documents were available.

The latest disclosures come at a time when Energy and Justice Department officials are still seething over the recent publication by newspapers in California and Wisconsin of a letter by Charles Hansen on H-bomb design.

Sewell said in his report, the review has turned up at least eight documents of a "highly sensitive" nature which should never have been released publicly.

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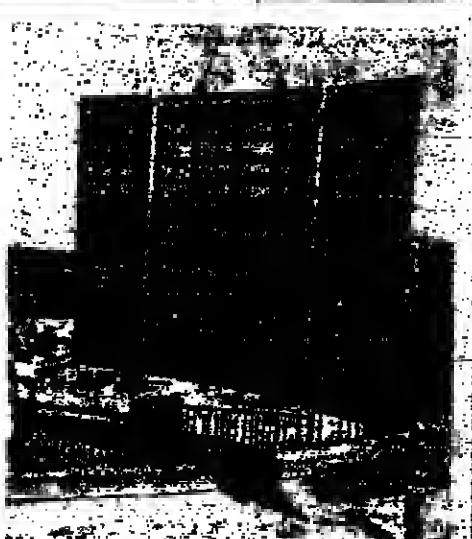
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